The Constitution.

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DAILY CONSTITUTION.

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WEATHER REPORT, SEPT. 30, 1876

Reported by P. H. Mell, Jr., Chemist and Meteorologist, Dept. Agriculture.

BAROMETER.

7 A.M.	2 P.M.	9 P.M.	MEAN.
28.960	28.991	29.060	29.004

THERMOMETER.

7 A.M.	2 P.M.	9 P.M.	MEAN.	MAX'M	MIN'M
49°	79°	55°	54°	68°	47°

Maximum heat of the direct rays of the sun.....139
Radiation from the earth during preceding night.....45

HYGROMETER.

Per cent of moisture in the air				Evaporation.	Rainfall.
7 A.M.	2 P.M.	9 P.M.	MEAN	INCHES	INCHES.
74	59	86	63	.15	

ANEMOMETER.

7 A.M.—Wind from the.....North-West
2 P.M.—Wind from the.....North-West
9 P.M.—Wind from the.....North-West
Average velocity in miles per hour.....8
Pressure in ounces per square foot.....5

APPEARANCE OF THE SKY.

7 A.M.....Clear
2 P.M.....Hazy
9 P.M.....Hazy

PROBABILITIES—South Atlantic and Gulf States: stationary or lower temperature, northwest to northeast winds, rising barometer, and partly cloudy weather will prevail, with rain in Texas.

Tennessee and Ohio Valley: stationary, followed by falling barometer, southwest winds, backing to southwest and southeast, higher temperature, and partly cloudy weather.

Middle States: rising barometer, cool west winds, cloudy or partly cloudy weather, with occasional light rains.

GOLD opened in New York yesterday at 110¼ and closed at 110.

MIDDLING UPLANDS closed in New York at 11. In Liverpool at 5 15-16.

STUMPING THE STATE.

A Rousing Speech by Gen. Gartrell

JONESBORO, GA., Sept. 30, 1876.

Special to the Constitution.

General Gartrell made a rousing speech of two hours to-day at Fayetteville, exposing the corruption of the party in power, and handling the officers of the present administration with gloves off. He showed conclusively by figures that the present administration has collected nearly enough tax money to have paid off the public debt, and exposed many other matters of corruption. There was quite a respectable turn-out, and the speech was well received, and was frequently interrupted with loud and rapturous applause. The impressions made are good. The General is doing noble work for the cause of democracy. J. L. D.

THE GRAND CONCERT.

A Rare Programme of Musical Gems.

The concert given last night at DeGive's by the second U S infantry regimental band was well attended. The proceeds were for the benefit of the yellow fever sufferers, and the concert was given at the instance of Gen. Frank Wheaton, who generously made the tender of the services of the band.

THE PROGRAMME

was one replete with musical gems from the classic works of renowned authors. The execution of the various selections was truly artistic in every sense and the performance was by no means one of ordinary enjoyment. Good critics of the art divine say that the famous German band, that was here some week ago, was scarcely superior, unless in style, to this excellent company of musicians. The concert was highly enjoyed by all. Here we append the

NAMES OF THE BAND.

Prof J A Gibson, leader,
Sergeant F Wedemeyer,
Corporal J H Frank.

Privates—A Burkel, A Brand, T Crowley, F Dowling, C H De Vere, J Henry, Frank Liley, Fred Liley, Fred Lang, C H Koldell, H C Matteson, J McGoven, A Wedemeyer, F Wild, A Wood L J Flaherty, G. Johnson, T Fynn, L Seager F S Kolda, A Andreas.

The proceeds are of course limited, the tickets being placed at 25 cents each, but still there will be a useful balance to the relief fund.

The band deserves great credit and applause for its general efforts to aid the distressed people of our coast cities.

GRAND DEMOCRATIC RALLY.

Meet With the Young Democracy To-Morrow Night.

To-morrow (Monday) night, at representatives hall in the state capitol, there will be a grand rally of the democratic voters of the city. The meeting is to be held under the auspices of the Young Men's Democratic club and every voter will be welcomed. An invitation is heartily extended to the various ward clubs, and it is desired that the fullest possible attendance be secured.

ORGANIZATION.

The purposes of the meeting are for organization and the appointment of such arrangements as may be necessary to call out the full vote of the party on Wednesday next. Able speakers will be present and the occasion promises to be one of those enthusiastic rallies which makes men feel happy in the exercise of patriotic duty.

RADICAL INDEPENDENTS.

Look Out for the Black and Tan Ticket!

There has been no little conjecture as to the course which the radical party in this county would take with regard to the legislative race. At several of their ward club meetings they have hinted at having dark horses stated out and the suspicion has gained ground during the past two days that the negroes would be rallied on Wednesday to the support of a ticket specially prepared for their benefit.

This idea may prevail to a greater extent than we imagine and there may be a lively race with the black and tan crowd at the election. But there is one thing which should not be forgotten amid the excitement, and it is that Dykeman is making up from the finest imported cloths the most elegant suits of gentlemen's clothing to be had in the south. He is the favorite against the field for all such suffrages.

The Wife Beater.

Allen Tate, the champion wife beater, was up before Justice Butt yesterday for trial. A negro from Tate's house reported that his wife was much worse, and it was now questionable whether she would live. The magistrate, upon hearing this, refused to proceed with the case, and Tate was sent to jail await the result of his wife's injuries.

—The season is at hand when the pensive house fly hangs gloomily to the early morning walls and wishes to gracious that some one would get up and build a fire.

—These are glorious mornings. The man who rises with the sun and sees fifteen or twenty cats walking atop of the dew-spangled yard fences, gets a true glimpse of nature.—Detroit Free Press.

—"Ah, husband, do you see this beautiful carving? How delicately cut is the pure white stone!" "Yes, Very pretty." "But, William, you have no taste for art, and you don't enjoy these things as I do. Just notice this slender column of immaculate marble, with the touching question so beautifully carved: 'Do they miss me at home?'" "yes. I see. And here is her name on the footstone: 'G. A. B.' Yes; I guess they miss her—if that was her name!"

RUNNING UP AGAIN.

TWENTY-SIX DEATHS IN SAVANNAH.

Seventeen Yellow Fever Cases—Twelve Colored Deaths—Calls for Help.

Special Telegram to the Constitution.

Interments To-Day.

SAVANNAH, Sept. 30.

Total interments to-day 26, of which 17 were from yellow fever. Twelve of the burials were colored persons. Mr J T Pilot, merchant, is one of the dead.

Officers Down.

A Washington dispatch announces that the the Savannah collector of the port and two clerks who were respectively authorized to act temporarily as collector are down with fever.

New York's Subscription.

NEW YORK, September 30.—Twenty-three thousand, nine hundred and fourteen dollars has been subscribed for the Savannah and Brunswick yellow fever sufferers.

Charleston.

REPORT OF THE BOARD OF HEALTH

CHARLESTON, S. C., Sept. 28.

No certificate of death from yellow fever received at this office up to 12 o'clock m. to-day. By order of the board of health.

P. B. BACON, sec't'y.

Savannah.

Savannah News.

The mortuary report, elsewhere published, shows a marked decrease in the mortality, confirming our opinion expressed two days ago, that the epidemic had reached its climax, and that there would be a gradual diminution in the bill of mortality. Of the seventeen interments yesterday thirteen were attributed to yellow fever, of which nine were whites and four colored. Three of the former were cases brought to the city for burial who had died in the country.

Our people begin to take heart, and notwithstanding the gloominess of our surroundings the hope is reasonable that an early frost, of which that reported in Burke county is the harbinger, will entirely kill the disease as an epidemic, and scatter the gloom which has so long hung over our city.

C. M. Hillsman, druggist, has just recovered from a severe case of fever.

The countenances of those we met on the street yesterday wore a brighter expression than usual.

W. W. Marlow, formerly turncock of the water works, died at Marlow, station two and half, Central railroad, Wednesday night.

The cotton exchange was closed from one to three o'clock p. m. yesterday, in respect to the memory of Col. E. C. Anderson, Jr.

As we take our journey homeward at a late hour in the morning, we don't meet the roaring blades who were wont to sing "We won't go home till morning."

We are sorry to state that A. T. Smith, the entry clerk of the custom house, is sick with the prevailing fever. We hope he may soon be well. The custom house cannot well do without him.

INTERMENTS FOR SEPTEMBER 28.

LAUREL GROVE CEMETERY.

George Vassalli, aged 57 years, yellow fever; *Edward C Anderson, jr aged 23 years, 5 months and 20 days, yellow fever; †Charles Hussey, aged 26 years, yellow fever; Charles F Fowler, aged 39 years, yellow fever. †Frederick Hogrefe, aged — years, yellow fever.

Colored—David Benger, aged 57 years, yellow fever; Thomas Brown, aged — years, yellow fever; John Coleman, aged 33 years, intermittent fever; John Shellman, aged 28 years, yellow fever; Infant Woodbridge, aged 2 months, cold on the lungs; Lydia Gates, aged 15 years, yellow fever; Daniel Fisher, aged 29 years, intermittent fever.

Whites, 5; colored, 7; total, 12 (yellow fever 9).

*Died in Whitesville.
†Died near the city.

CATHEDRAL CEMETERY.

Richard Furlong, aged 40 years, swamp fever; Robert Cadwick, aged 35 years, yellow fever; Mary Brown, aged 34 years, yellow fever; John Hanoura, aged 25 years, yellow fever; John H Hopkins, aged 42 years, yellow fever.

Whites, 5; colored, 0; total, 5 (yellow fever 4.)

RECAPITULATION.

Laurel Grove Cemetery—Whites, 5; colored, 0; total, 12 (yellow fever, 9).

Cathedral Cemetery—Whites, 5; colored, 0; total, 5; (yellow fever 4.)

Grand total, 17: yellow fever, 13.

Quarantine Established at Shreveport.

SHREVEPORT, LA., September 28.—At a meeting of business men and physicians held this evening, it was decided to quarantine the river against New Orleans. Shreveport is exceptionally healthy, and they wish to keep it so.

The following telegrams have passed in reference to the Shreveport quarantine against New Orleans:

DISPATCH FROM MR. AIKEN.

To the President of the Board of Health, Shreveport: Our board of health reports the fever diminishing. There have been no new cases since the 25th. We have the steamer Down loaded to go this evening. Can we send her? Can you send doctors down the river to examine boats and pass them up if right? We pay expenses.

JAS. A. AIKEN,
Red River Transportation Co.

DISPATCH FROM MR. JORDAN.

SHREVEPORT, Sept 28.

To James A. Aiken, New Orleans: The board of health has established a quarantine against New Orleans. I have used every effort to get his permission for the steamer Down to come, but have failed.

J. H. JORDAN.

The Population of Savannah.

Savannah Letter in Boston Post.

The city of Savannah is usually rated at 30,000 people, of which one-half are white and one-half colored. In round numbers, of these there are, we estimate, only about 21,000 in the city at present, viz., 14,000 colored and 7,000 whites. All who had the means or inclination to leave have done so. In 1854, the year of our last severe calamity, these colored people were slaves who were cared for by their owners. Now they come upon public charity for care and support. Of the 7,000 whites, the much larger number are of the laboring and mechanical class, who in ordinary times support themselves by their daily or weekly earnings, who, when thrown upon us in such an epidemic as is now upon us, become necessarily wards of the public. In 1854 Savannah had an active banking capital of gold and substantial paper of $18,000,000, and many rich merchants, manufacturers and planters. Now it has no capital of her own to speak of, borrows money at from ten to fifteen per cent, and has no rich merchants, manufacturers or planters; therefore she is in a worse condition to contend with the calamity of fever than in 1854, and especially when upon pestilence appalling destitution and absolute starvation of a large portion of her citizens intensify the general distress.

Brunswick's Condition.

BRUNSWICK, Sept. 27.

Editors Constitution: Allow me to say through your paper to the worthy citizens of Atlanta that the pouring forth of their noble gifts of charity are well timed and meet with a hearty response of thanks upon the part of those here who are now entrusted with the care of the helpless and afflicted sufferers.

More than half of our white citizens have left, and fully half of those remaining are down with the fever—many of whom will die. We have buried many of our prominent men, among them J. F. Smith, editor of the Sea Port Appeal. A. S. Smith, Esq., formerly of Newnan (brother of Dr. L. M. Smith, once president of Emory College, now in Greensboro, Ala.) He leaves a large family. They left here before his death for Newnan. May their friends there administer comfort to the bereaved, and help to soothe the anguish occasioned by this sudden and severe affliction. There are many others we cannot now stop to write of. Our time is occupied all the day visiting the sick and burying the dead.

We have scarcely enough men up to attend to the calls from the sick and the dying. We hope to send in a few days an acknowledgment of the contributions received from your city.

We spoke only of our white citizens above. But few colored have left, and the fever is spreading among them. There are at least four hundred cases among them. It has not as yet proved so fatal with them. But they are helpless, dependent, must be fed; will not the better-to-do of this class respond from Atlanta as they have in Macon.

Let every christian heart pray for our stricken city and every liberal purse give until God in his mercy stays the plague. There were six interments to-day, all white.

Yours, amid sorrows,

J. W. SIMMONS.

THE INDEPENDENTS.

WHAT THEY SAY IN THEIR LABORED CIRCULAR.

Some things Which They Did Not Say and Which Democrats Should Carefully Consider.

We have received, "with the compliments of the authors," a copy of the "circular" put forward to the voters of Fulton county by Dr Thomas S Powell and S H Donaldson, in which they announce themselves "independent democratic candidates for representative in the next general assembly." This circular has been freely distributed throughout the county and city and will be read by thousands. On account of the nature of its contents, its purpose and the characters of the gentlemen who father it, we feel that it merits attention. Dr Powell and Mr Donaldson have long been leaders in the democratic ranks, and their intelligence, ability and probity entitle them to the respect of all good men. But when they abandon the party standard and propose disorganization, we are in duty compelled to investigate their actions from party and political stand-points.

The introductory part of the circular bristles with

GLITTERING GENERALITIES.

They say that they submitted their claims "to the candid consideration of the People" when in fact they agreed to and did submit them only to the democratic party in its primary election to choose its nominees. But that nomination they insist was procured by "Falsehood, Fraud and Corruption." These are grave charges and are meat and drink to the famished radical hordes in our midst. Without investigation these words will be rolled under their tongues like sweet morsels. We propose briefly to look into these charges and discover their truth, if possible.

THE QUESTION AS TO VOTERS.

The first point is that the vote in the primary was 8,839, or 1,009 votes more than were polled for — in 1874. It is argued from this that "between eight hundred and fifteen hundred illegal votes were cast in the late primary." This point loses its pith when the fact is known that the white polls returned this year are 3,400 and that this number excludes the large number who do not return polls and the long list of defaulters who do not enter into the returns. It is simply impossible, therefore, to maintain the position that has been taken upon this point.

HEARSAY EVIDENCE.

Then follow twelve items of account against illegal votes from minors, non-residents and repeaters. It is certainly a fair argument to say that if Dr Powell and Mr Donalason knew these facts in any other manner than "one gentleman testifies that he heard another gentleman say, etc," the place to have urged them was before the executive committee. They are honorable and trusted gentlemen, and the purification of the ballot box should have begun there. The idea of reforming the democratic party by democrats would suggest that method and be abhorrent to the plan adopted thus late by the authors of the circular.

AS TO DR. POWELL.

In order to sustain himself in his independent candidacy, Dr. Powell must prove to the people:

1st. That (granting there were fifteen hundred illegal votes in the primary) of the 2,839 legal votes he was defrauded out of enough votes to secure his nomination, or that some 112 votes were bought away from him.

2d. He must prove that all who voted against him did so through the influence of "falsehood, fraud and corruption," or in other words, that 3171 democrats of Fulton county are purchasable people.

3d. That, scaling the fraudulent votes prorata from each of the seven men ahead of him, that still he was swindled out of the nomination, for even then he would be the eighth man by the corrected count.

4th. That he himself received no illegal vote and that the nomination was in truth no nomination at all, and not binding; that in not abiding it he has no other recourse than to bolt the party and appeal to the mass of all parties and shades.

If Dr Powell can make the democrats of Fulton county believe these things of themselves he will be entitled to their suffrages and a triumphant election.

AS TO MR DONALDSON,

from his statements in the circular we are enabled to respond in the following propositions:

1st—That there is not, nor ever has for more than one campaign at a time, any agreement that the "county outside of the city should have a representative in the general assembly."

2d. That the city did not defeat his nomination, for he received nearly double as many votes in the city as he did in the country.

3d. That the cause of his defeat was a natural one, arising from the fact that there were nine candidates and each one interested in "toting his own skillet," as the saying goes.

4th. That the country did not support him as he was entitled and hence does not "demand" of him to run independent against the nominees of the party. For proof we submit the following figures; In the county primary the full votes were, at Oak Grove 79, Buckhead 156 and Casey's 219; of which Donaldson received at Oak Grove 52 at Buckhead 1.0 and at Casey's 50. In the general primary the highest votes were for Oak Grove 77, Buckhead 171 and Casey's 167; of which Donaldson received at Oak Grove 62, Buckhead 161 and Casey's 90. All of which shows that in these three districts he only received 313 out of 454 votes!

We do not believe that the country people are afraid to trust their interests in the legislature to the care of the nominees made at the primary. We shall hold that faith in their patriotism and democracy until they speak more decidedly on Wednesday.

THE DUTY OF THE HOUR

with all true democrats now is to put down firmly and forever these independent movements. They are the cancers of any party and organization against them as the only enemies of our party is the supreme duty of Fulton county democrats at this season.

—Little Johnny has peculiar views as to the origin as to original sin. One day he was about to be punished for some misdemeanor, when he pleaded: "It wasn't me, mamma dear—it was the badman." "Well, Johnny, I'm going to whip the bad man out of you." "Ah, yes, but that'll hurt me a precious lot more than it will the bad man."

THE SERVIAN SNAIL.

CONSIDERABLE FERMENT AMONG THE CROWNED HEADS.

Wagon Works in Toledo Burned—One Man Perished in the Flames—An Editor Dead, Etc.

Telegrams to the Constitution.

Mangled to Death.

SPRINGFIELD, MASS Sept 30. Only two of seven in the wrecked building escaped alive, and two bodies only recovered, horribly crushed.

Wagon Works Burned

TOLEDO, OHIO, Sept 30. Milburn's wagon works with 1000 finished wagons and many unfinished ones, were burned. Loss, $200,000. Insured, $200,000. Three hundred and fifty men ousted. The fire supposed spontaneous.

TOLEDO, September 30.—The loss by the burning of the Milburn wagon works last night is estimated at between $350,000 and $400,000. About $135,000 insurance.

Perished in the Flames.

Col. Edward M. Hubbard, lumber clerk of the wagon factory perished in the flames.

Gloomy and Complicated.

LONDON, Sept. 30 A Times, Belgrade despatch says the situation continues gloomy, and becomes more complicated. The only chance for peace is the Turkish acceptance of the powers' proposition. The war party here mock at peace allusions asserting whatever Russia may profess to ot her powers, she is really for war until the Turks are driven from Constantinople. Both parties claim the victory on Thursday. The Servians are constructing winter quarters.

England on the Situation.

Rt. Hon. Robert Lowe publishes a letter in the Times, vehemently calling for the assembling of parliament to decide whether the present policy of the ministry on the eastern question shall be pursued.

The Czar's Position.

LONDON, September 30.—The Times editorially says: "The czar doubtless is anxious to keep the contest within its present limits. He is believed to have given pacific assurances to Francis Joseph in the autograph letter, which is exciting the curiosity of the continent, but there is reason to fear that unless hostilities cease immediately, the healing influences of diplomacy will be baffled.

A prominent St. Petersburg paper is allowed to say that Russia is resolutely and irrevocably determined to finish the eastern question, and the czar thanks the town council of Nicholieff for their warlike addresses, and no attempt is made to prevent the rush of soldiers to Servia. In fact, the Russian people are introducing the startling novelty of applying the principle of limited liability to war. Russia will incur a heavy responsibility if she does not endeavor to stop the present excitement.

The Turks Claim the Victory.

LONDON, Sept. 30.—The Telegraph's dispatch from Alexinatz says that the Turks gained a great victory on Thursday.

Gone to the Army.

RAGUSA, Sept. 30.—The prince of Montenegro left Cahilot to join the army.

The Czar's Note.

PARIS, Sept. 30.—A dispatch to the Times says that information from Vienna authorizes the statement that the Czar's autographic letter to Emperor Francis Joseph is to induce Austria to enter into common action in the interests of peace.

The Porte's Reply.

A dispatch to the Reuter's telegraph company from Paris says that the substance of the porte's reply to the powers which has already reached the French government, is said to be of a nature to accelerate a pacific solution of the eastern question. The porte only makes some reservations relative to reforms to be accomplished, and expresses a wish that provinces to be affected by them should not be designated by name. The powers on the other hand desire to designate Bosnia, Bulgaria and Herzegovina by name.

Milan's Whereabouts.

A Belgrade dispatch to the News says it is said that Prince Milan will leave Belgrade for Parotichin early next week. This is regarded as proof of the improbability of any peace arrangements being concluded. It is said that it is highly probable Prince Milan will be crowned king soon as he is removed from the restraints of Belgrade.

Russian Arrivals.

Three hundred and sixty Cossacks arrived in Belgrade on Friday. Two hundred more are expected Saturday and six hundred on Sunday.

On the Morava.

A dispatch to the Times from Belgrade says the movements on Morava river are comparatively insignificant. The Servians do not boast very loudly of Thursday's battle, and the official Turkish telegrams claim a victory. The newspaper correspondents nearest scenes of operations seems to agree that the Turks had advanced.

The Tilden Unionists.

Among the vice-presidents of the Soldier's Union Reform association are Col. W. P. Maulsby of Maryland, Gen. Don Carlos Buell of Kentucky, Col. W. W. Wilshire of Arkansas, Maj. F. Speed of Mississippi, Gen. John E. Mulford of Virginia, Col. Chas. C. O'Neill of Tennessee, and Col. W. D. Wiley of Louisiana.

An Incorrect Statement.

BELGRADE, Sept. 30.—The reported resumption of fighting on the Morava river yesterday was incorrect. Gen. Komoroff has resigned his post as chief of the staff of the army of Morava and returned to Russia. His successor is not known.

Gen. Ranko Olympics has been reappointed commander of the army of the Drina. Leschjamin will hold a subordinate command in the same army.

Foreign Notes.

LONDON, Spet. 30.—Geo. Alfred Lawrence, the author, is dead.

Fifty thousand pounds worth of American eagles have been shipped to New York.

A correspondent of the Times telegraphs: I have reason to believe that there is truth in the report that Ralib Pasha, the Egyptian commander-in-chief and his staff, have been taken prisoners by the Abyssinians near Massowah.

The Four-and-a-Halfs.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 30.—330,000 four and a half per cent. bonds were substituted to-day. National bank circulation outstanding currency notes over $332,000,000; gold notes over $2,000,000.

Acquitted Again.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Sept. 30.—Gen. Babcock and Sommerville were acquitted. The jury remained out two hours.

Stealing Opium.

NEW YORK, Sept. 30.—John and Nicholas Collins were arrested for stealing $6.000 worth of opium from Johnson & Co.'s bonded ware house.

A Bank Run.

There was a light run on the Dry Dock savings bank. The deposits are ten millions dollars. The secretary says the resources are ample to meet any emergency.

At an informal meeting here to-day of the representatives of the Grand Trunk, Baltimore and Ohio, and Pennsylvania and Erie railroads it was the unanimous opinion of those present differences ought to be settled at the earliest possible moment, but it is impossible without concurrence with the New York Central, and that company was not represented. It is believed an early settlement will be secured.

A Dead Editor.

BUFFALO, Sept. 20.—Hon. Thomas Warren, of the Courier, died this evening of congestion of the lungs.

A Violent Hurricane.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 30.—The consul at San Juan, Porto Rico, reports a very violent hurricane on the 13th, which commenced at four o'clock in the morning and lasted till noon. The rivers were swollen and bridges swept away.

The schooner Wm. J. Byrne is ashore—her crew were saved. Eight schooners stranded and a number of lives were lost. The capital has also suffered, and in the surrounding district, far as heard from, scarcely a house is standing. With the rise of the rivers and the hurricane, the cane, rice and coffee estates are all ruined for the coming crop. At Naquabo the American brig Valencia was driven ashore, and is a total wreck.

The George Latimer stranded a total wreck. The consular agents along the northern coast report great damage. The consul hopes the southern coast may not have suffered as much as the north.

Good Shots.

WASHINGTON, September 30.—Major Fenton won the Irish prize, Slade won that for the Australians and Rae that for the Scotch, they having made the best score of the respective teams.

Indian Intelligence.

NEW YORK, Sept. 30.—A Brunswick, D. T., dispatch of Sept. 27, says that a gentleman who left Fort Peck last Sunday, and who traded with Long Dog and Ink Paduly, arrived last eve. He says that Long Dog was within 20 miles of Wolf Point when Gen. Terry was there, and that he had been into Fort Peck repeatedly since then. One Saturday Lone Elk and Flat Dog came in from the hostile camp. They announced that the hostiles were coming into Fort Peck, but they wanted the agent and his outfit to go away; they did not want annuities or rations, but wanted the trader to remain and have plenty of ammunition. They made presents to the agency Indians and brought in two horses belonging to the seventh cavalry, also carbines and saddles evidently belonging to that regiment.

Alarming Illness of the Pope.

NEW YORK, Sept. 30.—A dispatch from Rome to-day reports very serious and even alarming illness of both the pope and Antonelli.

The Atlantic Fleet.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 30—The vessels of the north Atlantic squadron are assembling at Hampton roads preparatory to distribution among the West Indies for winter cruise. Huron, Adams, Ossipee, Monongahela and Hartford are here. Plymouth, Shawmut, Essex and Swatara are expected soon. These vessels will remain on the Hampton road till the disappearance of the fever from the southern coast, and in the meantime will drill daily.

Isabella's Entrance.

LONDON, Sept. 30.—A dispatch to the Times from Madrid says the decorations and illuminations which were prepared to greet ex-Queen Isabella's arrival here have been removed for fear of disturbance.

A LIE LAID LOW.

Vance Successfully Refutes a Herald Slander.

By Telegraph to the Constitution.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 30.—The New York Herald to-day makes the following editorial amende. "We spoke severely the other day of ex-Gov. Vance, of North Carolina, in the belief that he had really uttered some brutal words which were imputed to him in local newspapers and we were led to trust these reports by some passages in Judge Settle's reply to Mr. Vance, which seemed to refer to the language imputed to Mr. Vance. A dispatch which we print elsewhere this morning, shows the testimony of Judge Settles, Mr. Vance's opponent, that Mr. Vance did not use the language imputed to him, but which he quoted from one of the bloody-shirt speeches of Mr. Ingersoll, a republican speaker, who is doing a good deal to make sensible men vote the democratic ticket all over the country.

Messrs. Vance and Settle are stumping North Carolina together. They are rival candidates for the governorship. Judge Settle heard and replied to Mr. Vance's speech, and he at once, on being asked if the report was correct, said it was not. This is sufficient. Mr. Vance did not say what was imputed to him, and, of course, our remarks had no cause, and fall to the ground.

—Chicago gas rates have been reduced to $1.50. Courtships however, are still conducted with a very exaggerated idea of economy, as the young people put out the lights and sit in the dark every chance they get.

—A conductor on the Reading & Columbia railroad has done continuous daily duty for nineteen years. He never missed a pay day, and has punched holes enough in paste-board tickets to make an artesian well that would reach from here to China—Hawkeye.

—This is the season for fall fashions. It is also the season when the married man rashly ventures to doubt the statement that a soutache should be laid on only in hair lines, bias, and subscribed for. It goes out into the woodshed to sit down and think what a good time he used to have when he was single.—Norwich Bulletin.

Lincoln and Robertson Co. Whiskies.

ARCHER CHEATHAM. GEO. S. KINNEY.

CHEATHAM & KINNEY,

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CHILD ABDUCTION.

The Romance of Crime in the Athens of America—A Child Stolen to Furnish a Young Couple with an Heir—A Handsome Fortune Depending on an Offspring—How a Young Mother Was Deprived of Her Boy—A Boston Coroner Implicated.

BOSTON, Sept. 24.—A case of child abduction has taken place here, attended with cruelty, inhumanity and avariciousness, compared with which the celebrated Charley Ross case dwindles into insignificance, and which for several months has been smothered from publicity in the community in which it occurred. The affair is unlike the Ross case in the particular that the child was stolen for service in a pecuniary transaction in which it is presumed that a handsome sum was realized by the abduction. But it differs in this respect, that instead of the wretch being a renowned villain like the late Bill Mosher he is a man of professional reputation and one who for many years held high public office at the hands of the city of Boston, and in the case in point his official position probably enabled him to more successfully commit his crime and escape for the time being its merited penalty.

DETAILS OF THE AFFAIR.

It seems that about eight or nine months since there came to this city from California a gentleman and wife, who were apparently on a pleasure tour. Whether or not there existed a previous acquaintance is not material, but it is certain that very soon after their arrival in Boston they became very intimate with Dr. John W. Faye, one of the city coroners, who, in turn, became the chief principal in the abduction of an infant child, and then hastily fled the city in company with the gentleman and his wife just alluded to. It seems that this California couple were in sad need of a baby, an apparent offspring of their own, in order to secure the full title to an immense property, which was to follow if there was an issue of their marriage within a certain specified time. The matter of obtaining this apparent heir was intrusted to Coroner Faye, and under the probable stimulant of a handsome reward he did not hesitate to commit a crime which involved his immediate and continued absence from these parts if he would escape a criminal prosecution. Fortunate for their plans, at about the time of the advent of these California parties to Boston a neat and respectable American girl made an application to a Boston physician, and obtained through him a permit to enter a lying-in hospital. By some means or other this fact became known to Dr. Faye, who immediately sought the girl so soon to become a mother, and persuaded her to undergo her confinement at a private hospital. The proprietor of this private institution, it is scarcely necessary to add, was also handsomely rewarded, and when once the young girl was safely housed she and her offspring were at the will and mercy of the coroner.

A BEAUTIFUL BOY

was soon born, and after Mr. Faye became satisfied that it was safe to take it from its maternal parent, he intimated his purpose to the young mother. It is said of her, and to her credit, that she seemed to love the little one with even more than a mother's love. She clung to her offspring as only a true woman can, so that all efforts to persuade her to have it sent away and taken care of only alarmed her the more lest she should lose it altogether. All pleadings and threats to induce the young mother to part with her child were in vain, and finally it was resolved to change the tactics. To carry out the plans which had thus far been commenced it was absolutely necessary that the child should be got possession of immediately. The doctor now urged the girl to allow him to take the infant down to a hotel in the immediate neighborhood, where, he said, its presence was necessary in order to certify that a certain lady there had given birth to a child. When this could be accomplished, Dr. Faye said the child would be returned to her. After considerable persuasive argument the young mother consented to the loan of her child for the purpose named. The coroner agreed to return the infant within a specified time, but up to the present the mother has seen nothing of her infant or its abductor. The California couple disappeared at the same time, and it is generally understood in Boston that they were accompanied by Dr. Faye, and that he is to share in the legacy which the child is to be secured by the child which he stole from the young woman. That the coroner is permitted to escape arrest and punishment is not in the least inexplicable, for during his official character he was the especial friend and

DEFENDER OF THE POLICE DEPARTMENT.

The officers threw every case possible into his hands, and in instances where policemen were suspected of having clubbed some poor fellow to death, they felt perfectly safe if the inquest was conducted by Coroner Faye. One instance is known where it seemed that a good case of wilful murder would have been made out against an officer but for the ingenious and industrious defense of this same coroner. It is not strange, therefore, that the police department, in its gratiude, has seemed to shield Dr. Faye in this great crime charged upon him, and steadfastly refused not only to take any steps for his apprehension, but also declined to furnish any information respecting the case. It is said that when the physician whom the girl first applied to heard of her situation and the fact that her infant had been abducted by Coroner Faye, he interested himself and others in her behalf and brought her case

BEFORE THE MAYOR.

The mayor, it is said, was indignant when he heard of the outrage which had been perpetrated, and ordered that the most active measures be adopted for the recovery of the child and capture of its abductors. Judging from the results, however, nothing has been done by the Bostonians except it be to cover up the matter and allow it to be forgotten as soon as possible. It should be added that the Boston papers—while some of them have published the facts in the case—have invariably suppressed the name of Coroner Faye, at which there is not a little indignation and surprise among those who are knowing to the details of the abduction. As before intimated, the crime is in many respects more heinous and painful than the abduction of poor Charlie Ross, and it will be a lasting disgrace to the Boston authorities if they do not hunt up and punish those who were engaged in it.

THE CENTENNIAL CRUSH.

No Such Crowding Ever Experienced in an American City.

Philadelphia Cor New York World

Talk of crowds! Philadelphia takes the palm. Such a crush, such a rush, such a jam never was seen before in an American city. Before the centennial exhibition was opened there was much talk of the threatened insufficiency of accommodations here, and Philadelphians, while pooh-poohing the notion, set to work to build immense hotels, turning barns into boarding-houses, cottages into taverns, and even their very dumb-waiters into sleeping apartments, but to some extent, still in vain. The crowds which have been rushing here for the past few days have been too much for mine hosts, and last evening hundreds of people were wandering through the streets from hotel to hotel begging for lodgings. At the Centennial hotel this laconic conversation is reported:

Traveller—Can I have a room?
Clerk—No sir.
T.—Can I have a cot?
C.—No, sir.
T.—Can't you put me anywhere?
C.—No, sir.
T.—Well, what shall I do?
C.—Don't know, sir.

And yet the chances are ten to one this unfortunate traveller could find ample accommodations to-day. There is no saying how long a Centennial visitor will remain. He is here to-day and gone to-morrow. Just now he is here, very much here, and if others want to follow him they had better bring their quarters with them.

Not only in the hotels are the accommodations insufficient; they are equally so on the railroads. Every train is behind time, every car overcrowded. Unless one is at the depot an hour before the time of starting, it is useless to attempt to get into a parlor car. I heard a lady apply this morning for a berth on a sleeping car to Cincinnati, when the clerk told her that every berth was taken until Tuesday. The crushing and jamming on the ordinary trains is something almost beyond description, and it is only a little better in the Pullman cars, where as many passengers are put as can by any means be crowded in.

As to the street cars, my pen can not do justice to the scenes they present. A Third avenue car at 5 o'clock on a Saturday afternoon is empty by comparison. Eighty passengers is an average number on the Market street line, and the others are almost as bad. One man was killed last Monday by an accident arising from an over-crowding on a Race street car, and many more accidents may be looked for. The drivers and conductors seem to take a fiendish delight in jamming as many persons as possible into their vehicles, and as they run without regard to time-tables, you may imagine the amount of "touting" that is done.

The Atlanta Constitution.

Madison Home Journal.

Now that some money is coming into the hands of our people from the sale of cotton and other products of the farm, we would suggest to those who have not already subscribed for the CONSTITUTION, to do so now upon the threshold of one of the most momentous political campaigns this country has ever witnessed. This suggestion is intended especially for the people of this section, in which the CONSTITUTION is the most popular paper of the state. True there may be papers just as good, but the CONSTITUTION is the paper for our people. It is published at the capital; contains all the public doings of the governor and the various state officers; gives a full report of the proceedings each day of both branches of the general assembly; publishes all the decisions of the supreme court; furnishes the merchants with an accurate and reliable account of the market in all branches of business, lays before its readers such letters and speeches of the public men of the country as are of great interest and importance; dashes its general make up with choice society and local notes culled from the press of Georgia, and, in a word, is one of the best, if not the best, of papers circulating in the state. Nearly every person in this county who takes a paper at all, takes the CONSTITUTION. But there are not a few of our people, we are sorry to say, who subscribe for no paper at all. In not doing so, they forego one of the most valuable and enjoyable privileges known to civilization. They rob their children of the cheapest and most efficient educator within their reach. The long winter evenings are nigh upon us. Let us all prepare for them by providing ourselves with the "Atlanta CONSTITUTION," the "Madison Home Journal" and such other papers as we may prefer.

The Physician of Recent Sunday.

From the North British Review.

Sunday is God's special present to the workingman, and one of its chief objects is to prolong his life, and to preserve efficient his working tone. In the vital system it works like a compensation pond; it replenishes the spirit, the elasticity and vigor, which the last six days have drained away, and supplies the force which is to fill the six days succeeding; and in the economy of existence it answers the same purpose as the economy of income is answered by a savings bank. The frugal man who puts away a pound to-day and another pound next month, and who, in a quiet way, is putting by his stated pound from time to time, when he grows old and frail gets not only the same pound back again, but a good many pounds besides. And the conscientious man, who husbands one day of his existence in a week—who, instead of following Sunday to be trampled and torn in the hurry and scramble of life, treasures it up—the Lord of Sunday keeps it for him, and in length of days and hale of age gives it back with usury. The savings bank of human existence is the weekly Sunday.

The First October Elections.

New York World.

We observe that Georgia is frequently mentioned as the next state in which an election is to be held. This is an error. The next state in which an election will be held is the new state of Colorado, which is to elect its first governor, all its state and county officers and its legislature on Tuesday, October 3. Under an arrangement already made the legislature chosen

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DEMOCRATIC NOMINATIONS.

FOR PRESIDENT:

SAMUEL J. TILDEN,

OF NEW YORK.

FOR VICE-PRESIDENT:

THOMAS A. HENDRICKS,

OF INDIANA.

PRESIDENTIAL ELECTORS.

FOR THE STATE AT LARGE,
A. R. LAWTON,
JOHN W WOFFORD.

ALTERNATES,
L. J. GARTRELL,
H. D. D. TWIGGS.

DISTRICT ELECTORS:

1st District—A. M. ROZIER, of Burke. Alternate, T. E. DAVENPORT, of Glynn.
2d District—R. E. KENNON, of Clay. Alternate, JAMES L. SEWARD, of Thomas.
3d District—J. M. DUPREE, of Macon. Alternate, W. H. HAWKINS, of Stewart.
4th District—W. O. TUGGLE, of Troup. Alternate, E. M. BUTT, of Marion.
5th District—F. D. DEBUER, of Spalding. Alternate, W. A. SHORTER, of Fulton.
6th District—FRANK CHAMBERS, of Wilkinson. Alternate, W. V. MCKIBBEN, of Butts.
7th District—L. N. TRAMMELL, of Whitfield. Alternate HAMILTON YANCEY, of Floyd.
8th District—D. M. DuBOSE, of Wilkes. Alternate, F. E. EVE, of Columbia
9th District—J. N. DOZIER, of Hall. Alternate, F. L. HARRISON, of White

FOR GOVERNOR:

ALFRED H. COLQUITT.

FOR CONGRESS:

MILTON A. CANDLER.

FOR THE LEGISLATURE:

JOHN H. JAMES. [GEO. T. FRY,
HENRY HILLYER.

YESTERDAY was the 121st day of the centennial exhibition. Last Thursday was "Pennsylvania day," when the cash admissions numbered 257,286, including the evening exhibition of fireworks. The receipts already exceed those at Vienna and nearly equal to those of Paris.

THROUGH a private letter from the managing editor of the CONSTITUTION, dated New York, Sept. 26, we learn that the crowds at Philadelphia are enormous, over a hundred thousand people entering the centennial grounds daily. New York is also filled with business men from a distance and withs trangers, the hotels being full. In consequence business seems quite active and the commercial outlook is more promising.

WE again assert that the Colorado election occurs next Tuesday, October 3, and not next Tuesday week. At this election will be chosen all the elective officers for the new state government, a member of the present congress, and both branches of the legislature, which elects two United States senators, and also selects the presidential electors. Bela M. Hughes is the democratic, and John L. Routt the radical, candidate for governor.

"MANY democratic voters" invited Mr. H. C Dallam, of Baltimore, to become an "independent democratic" candidate to represent the Fourth Maryland district in the next congress. We commend his answer to all who may be similarly tempted:

The paramount issue of the hour is the election of Tilden and Hendricks. In the future, as in the past, I shall do all in my power to accomplish that result; I will never lend myself to any course of conduct which may possibly tend to disintegrate the democratic party of the city or the state

THE decay of the agricultural interest in New Hampshire is attracting attention. It is stated that seven per cent of the farms in the state—2,000 out of 29,642—are vacant and unworked. Some of them are owned by banks, others have been bought up and are held by large land-owners, and others, again, are left to grow up in timber, which is more profitable than crops growing. The population of the farming districts is steadily diminishing by migration to the west.

FOR every ton of woolen cloth made at Lawrence, Lowell, Manchester and other places, three tons of impurities are discharged into the Merrimac river. Thousands of tons of these impurities are mingled with the river waters every year, but the chemical tests have failed to show their presence in the water at the city of Haverhill, eight miles below Lawrence. What becomes of these impurities? This is of interest to us, who have to drink water brought from a stream. It seems to show that running water purifies itself in a short distance.

ENGLAND is preparing to take in the Transvaal republic and Orange free state, both in South Africa. The former is afraid of the Caffres, and the latter will be obliged to accept British domination. England would gain about 140,000 square miles of territory by the acquisition of the two republics, and she never lets a slice of territory that she can acquire, slip into other hands. She is the champion land grabber of the world.

WHEN men go into a nominating convention or primary election there is always an implied promise, amounting to a moral obligation, to abide by the result; and this moral obligation applies to and is binding on all who vote in the convention or primary equally as on candidates. Can any honorable man say, I will vote with the understanding that I am to deceive my neighbors, as I know they will in good faith vote for my man if they lose, but I intend in bad faith to refuse to vote for their man if he comes out ahead? It is conjectured that Messrs. Powell and Donaldson think all who voted for them in the primary will vote for them as independents. To say so is a libel on their friends, for they are democrats and to honorable to go back on their own implied pledges.

"REBEL CLAIMS."

Pressed as the republican party unmistakeably is in the great central states, they are falling back to a greater extent than ever before upon the two classes of falsehood that have become standard with them. One is strictly in the horror line and is generally preliminary to a demand for "more troops." The other is intended as an appeal to the pockets of northern voters and is called "confederate claims." The radical stump speakers insist that every man in the south has a large number of claims, and that the election of a democratic president would open the treasury vaults and double the public debt. And all this in the face of the fact that such claims are barred by constitutional provisions, and that the democratic house allowed fewer claims on account of the war than any of its post-bellum predecessors. Campaign stories are not however affected by such rifles. They go on just the same, and it is safe to assert that in no other respect are they so shameless and brazen as in relation to the so-called "confederate claims."

The radical journals insist that the "claim" of Mrs. Annie Wallingford—who did, we believe, once reside in Dalton—is a fair example of what may be expected in case Mr. Tilden is elected president. We clip from Parson Brownlow's paper, the following itemized statement of Mrs. Wallingford's "claim:"

Those, which was estimated by good judges	$ 2,800
35 hogs, $150	5,250
12 young mules, $175	2,100
16 work oxen, $60	800
7 milch cows, $50	350
1 yearlings, $10	110
28 young cows, $25	700
200 sheep, $3	600
3 0 hogs, $150	3,7 0
50 boxes tobacco, 2,800 lbs, $1	2,500
200 bushels wheat, $2.50	5 0
2 barrels sugar, $50	10
10 barrels flour, $30	0
4,250 bushels corn, $1.50	6,370
50 tons fodder, $5	75
10 tons hay, $20	200
0 acres corn fodder	240
20 head be f cattle, $50	1,0 0
4 farm wagons $100	400
12 boxes merchandise, being the stock f merchandise on hand in my store, which was closed after the union army came, and the goods packed in boxes	2,000
1 box, contents of my l brary	1,000
2:3 bales cotton, 500 lbs. per bale, taken for hospital purposes, $1	131,000
1,338 bales cotton 500 lbs per bale $1	669,000
4 parlor sets—1 garnet velvet, 1 satin, 1 silk, 1 stripe—$300	1,200
1 parlor set, b ack mohair	200
1 parlor set, green silk velvet	400
1 parlor set, plaid, stripe, blue, red and green enbroes	35
1 piano, Chickering	6 0
1 piano, Steinway, grand	800
1 what-not	2
1 what-not	15
7 sets window damask curtains	200
24 wall-pictures, $100 apiece	2,400
4 sets black walnut furniture $500	2,000
4 feather beds, $25	100
4 spring matrasses, $40	160
16 pillows	100
2 marble top center tables, $25 and $35	60
Lot of bed furnishing	44
Total	$840 495

We frankly admit that this Wallingford "claim" is a fair example of the so called "confederate claims." It is a myth, and so are they. Mrs. Wallingford lives at the north, and has for many years. It is drawing it very mild to say, as Parson Brownlow does, that her "claim" is "exorbitant." Her bill was introduced by Mr. Fuller of Indiana, and if it becomes a law it will be through northern votes. It is in no sense a southern bill. Not a member of congress from Georgia will vote for it, or give it any countenance whatever. And yet it is and will be paraded all over the north as a southern claim. It is, however, a fair example of the "claims" that the radicals have raised up as a bugaboo for campaign purposes.

THE NEED OF ACTIVE WORK.

But three days are left for active work. We have been supremely indifferent to the result, and yet next Wednesday is the day of four years to make our strength felt. We have virtually said to the country that we will elect a democratic governor by 75,000 majority. It has been so published far and wide throughout the north by our friends. Shall we redeem the pledge that we have either put in circulation or permitted to pass uncontradicted? If by non-attendance at the polls, we permit our majority to fall below that of four years ago, the fact will be utilized as evidence that the democratic vote of the Carolinas, of West Virginia, of Florida and even of Alabama, will show a similar falling off, thus giving all those states to Hayes. We would thus stiffen the backbone of republicanism for the hard struggles of next week.

Our candidates are in the field. They are unexceptionable. Gen. Colquitt is a leader that we can follow with honor and safety. His record is a noble one—heroic in war and untained in peace. He is a Christian gentleman, a man of capacity for and experience in public affairs. Our nominees for the legislature deserve the full support of the party. Shall these candidates that we have put in nomination be elected? or shall one fall here and there under the fell blows of radicalism and independency? We can secure a sweeping democratic victory, or we can have one intermingled with detached disasters and of limited influence. We can maintain the majority of four years ago, or we can permit it to drop down to figures that would have no weight. Which shall it be?

Action, action is necessary now. Work is needed from now until the day of election to get out a full vote. A full vote in Georgia means 75,000 democratic majority. We must have it to sustain our pledges. No election runs itself, Independent candidates cannot be beaten by staying away from the polls. Party organization can not be maintained by neglect of public duties. There are very few men in the state who can not afford to give a part of their time during the next three days to the coming election. They should do it. We should not throw cold water on democratic prospects in other states. Remember the great and decisive October elections which closely follow our own. We should, we must, turn out to secure a rousing democratic victory. Let the figures be 75,000 majority. By polling every vote that majority is ours. Forward to victory.

THE presence of a negro student at Dr. McCook's lectures in Princeton, has led to a big row, in which "several young men of southern birth" took a hand, or rather they took their departure, leaving Dr. McCook and his colored hearer quite alone in their peculiar glory. The republican papers are greatly shocked.

COUNTING THE ELECTORAL VOTE.

The manner in which the next presidential vote is to be counted is a matter of great uncertainty and deep anxiety. On the 20th day of last January the senate passed a resolution adopting the joint rules that had long been in force, excepting, however, the twenty-second rule. The resolution went to the house, but was never adopted by that body. The republican majority of the senate therefore claimed before the adjournment that congress had no joint rules. Near the end of the session the house passed a resolution to repeal two of the old joint rules, whereupon, upon motion of Mr. Edmunds, the senate adopted an order "that the resolution be respectfully returned to the house of representatives, with the statement that as the house of representatives has not notified the senate of the adoption of the joint rules of their present session as adopted by the senate on the 20th of January last and transmitted to the house of representatives on the 22d day of the same month, there are no joint rules in force." So the matter stands at present. The senate claims that no joint rules are in force; the house claims that the rules are continuous, and that each new congress need not re-enact them. The one favors a strict construction, and the other immemorial usage.

The twenty-second joint rule relates to the counting of the electoral vote. If the twenty-second rule is not in force there is nothing to fall back on but the brief and and general provision of the constitution, which is silent on the very point in question. The most that can be said is that, either under the bare provision of the constitution or under the twenty-second rule, the republican senate and the democratic house have equal powers in the counting of the next electoral vote and that all propositions upon which they fail to agree must perforce fall to the ground.

This is the gravest question of the immediate future. The use of the army, the boldness of the administration, the recklessness and desperation of republican leaders who can not face investigation of past acts, render nothing impossible on the part of the republican majority in the senate. They have not hesitated in the past to disfranchise thousands of voters, to overawe whole states, to put aside governments that did not suit them; will they change their conduct in a contest over the electoral vote? We fear not. A military man is at the head of the government ready to do their bidding. The government itself is absolutely on the edge of a precipice. There is but one road to safety—a majority so large for the conservative candidates that Morton and Conkling, and their associates, will not care to throw out southern votes that are adverse to them. Let us do all we can next Wednesday to avoid a close contest in November; for a contest, in which the result depends upon a dozen electoral votes, imperils the life of the republic.

There is a saving clause, however, in the fact that a majority of the electoral votes is necessary to choose a president. If the two houses should fail to agree on the votes of a sufficient number of states a deadlock would ensue that would throw the election into the house, where our Uncle Samuel is very strong. This fact will probably restrain the revolutionists of the senate from resorting to extreme measures, and it is about the only assurance we have that the next count will be conducted with any degree of fairness or respect for the rights of the states.

MR. HARTRIDGE has opened the canvass in his district. Judging from the indications at his first meeting, the Waycross Headlight believes he will be elected by double the majority he received two years ago.

NOW look out for poems suggested by the firing of the mine at Hell Gate through the touch of little Mary Newton's fingers. Two or three have already appeared, and they lead one to wish that their authors had been chained to the unexploded mine.

THE oldest inhabitant never saw so much September cotton in the streets of Atlanta as he has seen this year. We will let a few plain unerring figures tell the story of our trade:

	bales.
Receipts in September, 1874	2 045
Receipts in September, 1875	3,636
Receipts in September, 1876	11,122
Gain over previous year	7,486
Price October 1, 1874	13½ cts.
Price October 1, 1875	11¾ cts.
Price October 1, 18 6	9¼ cts

THE Columbus Times hopes the people of Georgia will not remain at home next Wednesday "simply because they apprehend no danger to their tickets. Georgia leads off in the October election, and if she should cast for the democratic ticket a vote so great as to show the utter hopelessness of a contest on the part of the enemy in November, this would greatly animate our friends in Ohio and Indiana, and indeed all over the union. This is a critical time in the presidential canvass."

THE prospects for a democratic victory in the October states never looked so bright as they do now. We hope to carry every one of them—Colorado, Georgia, Ohio, Indiana and West Virginia, and then good-bye Brother Hayes. The news from Ohio is particularly encouraging. Georgia can add a thousand votes to the right side in both Ohio and Indiana by rolling up a democratic majority next Wednesday that will secure the votes of all who are waiting to see which horse is going to win.

IT seems to be well established that, owing to imperfect drainage or some other cause, the centennial exhibition grounds have produced considerable typhus, typhoid and dysenteric diseases. The New York Herald cautions visitors to drink as little water as may be; to avoid tiring themselves too much; to dress warmly and avoid the night air, and to eat at regular hours and not in haste. With such common precautions it believes the greater number of visitors may avoid attacks of disease. But they should bear in mind that both the uncommon labors and excitements which they undergo and the influences of the place are deletrious, and that care and more than common prudence are essential.

GEN. HAMPTON has completed a thorough canvass of the northern tier of counties, and has now gone to the lowlands. In his canvass so far he has addressed fully fifty thousand persons, white and colored, and yet there has been no disturbance, not a fight or quarrel, or even an unkind word at his meetings. He claims that he will get a large majority of the colored vote in Richland, his native county, and predicts his election provided fair and peaceable vote can be had. One of his former servants, who has acquired property, and knows what high taxes are, has written him a letter pledging him his support, and promises to urge the colored people to vote for his old master as their best friend in every regard.

THERE is victory in the air. The Cincinnati Enquirer of Friday morning says: "Ohio and Indiana are assuredly democratic. The democrats of those states need only to stand firm and meet the enemy face to face within the next ten days to win a glorious victory." Do you hear that, Georgians? Let us so act on Wednesday as not to undermine the strength of our friends in those states.

FACT AND COMMENT.

PROF. Swing does a large marriage business at Chicago.

THE English lawyers are said to be doing away with their ridiculous gowns and wigs.

SUNSET COX was born in Ohio fifty-two years ago. He is college bred and has been both lawyer and editor.

IT is now proposed to change the name of Hell Gate to "Newton's Passage," in compliment to General Newton.

LAST week in dry goods is spoken of as the largest ever known in New York, in the quantity sold, if not in the value.

EDWARD HUNTER, one of Brigham Young's bishops, is visiting West Chester, Pa. He is eighty-four years of age and is said to own property worth $2 000,000.

THERE will be no pews in the new Roman Catholic cathedral on Fifth avenue, New York. Chairs will be placed in groups about its many altars and chapels

TO retain the name of Booth's theatre against the wishes of Edwin Booth, the managers have given Samuel Booth, a job printer, an interest in the concern.

A PART of the main building of the Philadelphia exhibition has been bargained for by a Maryland manufacturing company, and is to be removed at once after the close of the show on November 10.

WENDELL PHILLIPS says the choicest sculpture of old Greece is not fit to look upon Then the sculptor carved for man; now he carves for mothers and daughters as well as man.

THERE was an old guzzler named Chandler,
He was wonderfully cute as a handler
Of wires and strings,
And because of these things
The republicans so shipped old Chandler.

THIRTY-NINE years have elapsed since Queen Victoria first ascended the throne, and in the mean time bustles have developed so prodigiously that she now has to sit on the extreme edge of it, or stand.

IN 1867 Russia supplied 44 per cent and the United States 14 per cent of England's demand for foreign wheat; now the United States supply 44 per cent and Russia only 21 per cent.

THE glorious reports from all parts of the state show that the democracy are aroused Our speakers are treating the immense gatherings of people to something better than sand wi hes and bloody shirt harangues Twenty thousand majority is the figure now.—Indianapolis Sentinel (dem),

GEN. CROOK says that active operations in the Indian campaign will begin again in about thirty days. We trust that next time that there will be something more to show besides massacred soldiers and half-starved troops as the result of the operation

THERE was a yellow fever alarm in Houston, Texas, in consequence of a death, which pronounced after a post mortem examination to be a case of typho-malarial or congestive fever. During the excitement a quarantine was established at Hearne, but it was abolished when the truth was known.

JESSE POMEROY is now confined in a solitary cell in the Massachusetts state prison He seemed dispirited until recently, not having anything to do but work in the shape of making brushes has been given him, and he is apparently better contented with his lot

SOME democratic German voters in New Haven Connecticut, have organized a battalion to be known as the "German Sweepers," who will carry brooms when on parade to symbolize their hopes of a sweeping victory in November The captain of the organization will carry a feather duster.

SENATOR SHARON, of Nevada, gave a grand banquet at his palatial residence (formerly Ralston's Belmont), near San Francisco, last evening, in honor of Secretary Cameron, Gen. Sherman, and the Earl and Countess Dufferin. A special train conveyed ladies from the city in full dress for the ball, which was a magnificent affair.

MANY hundred millions have been earned and saved to start the wheels of industry again when a solid basis can be had. Debts amounting to thousands of millions have been paid. Prices and wages have been gradually adjusted toward a coin level, so far, indeed, that as to many articles and trades the result of resumption would now be an an advance and not a further decline.—New York Tribune.

A RED PATH lecturer, while speaking up in Scott county, used the French quotation, "bonni soit qui mal y pense," whereupon the ladies in the audience stared, then blushed, then looked at each other and got up and stalked out of the hall and the local paper in its criticism, said that "portions of the lecture were too indecent for republication."—Hawkeye.

OF President Lincoln's cabinet, as originally formed, only one member was compelled to withdraw on account of scandals connected with the management of his department. That member was Simon Cameron. Only three members of that cabinet now survive: Simon Cameron, secretary of war; Gideon Welles, secretary of the navy, Montgomery Blair, post master-general. Welles and Blair support Tilden. Cameron supports Hayes.—St. Louis Republican.

WE have before had reason to believe that Spotted Tail is a knowing Indian. His speech, printed to-day, shows that his festive scalper of the plains understands the "true inwardness" of Grant ism. He has discovered that this mischievous ism means reckless promises recklessly broken, corruption, fraud and misrule generally. There is a withering vein of sarcasm running through the old fellow's speech, and "the party" won't be pleased with it. That destroys Mr S Tail's chances for the portfolio of war under Hayes.

THE Chinese always leave a meal at a grave that a dead person may eat on the way to eternity. In former times it was customary in Nevada to leave the food exposed, and the rascals who watched from a clump of brush were wont to regale themselves with these dainties. "Nothing is so pleasant," says the Virginia City Chronicle, "as to see a crowd of hoodlums seated on a new made Chinese grave going through a free lunch, and drinking the deceased's good health in his own rice brandy. Now however, the Chinese place a guard over the grave until night, after which the animals and birds get the benefit of the repast."

THE new sultan is a man of a prudent and saving turn. Hitherto the court kitchen has provided the countless retainers of the household with provisions, which they were allowed to take to their homes. In Abdul Aziz's time his kitchen cost more than $ 0 0 a month. Abdul Hamid has changed all that, the cost has been reduced one half, simply by an order that no provisions shall be carried home by the attendants, who will be furnished with plentiful repasts in the palace. The sultan has also reduced the ridiculously profuse expenses of his adopted mother, thus making a saving of $750,000 a year.

YOU ASK ME HOW I LIVE.

[Joseph Hobbins in Plain and Plow.]

Living friendly, feeling friendly,
Acting fairly to mankind,
Seeking to do that to others
They may do to me again.
Hauling no man scorning no man;
Wronging none by word or deed;
But forbearing, soothing, serving,
Thus I live—and this my creed

Harsh condemning, fierce contemning
Is of little Christian use;
One soft word of kindly peace,
Be it said a gentle excuse
Calling things bad, calling men bad
Adds but darkness to their night;
If thou wouldst improve thy brother
Let thy goodness be his light.

I have felt and know how bitter
Human coldness makes the world,
Ev'ry bosom round me freezes
Not an eye with pity pearled;
Still my heart with kindness teeming
Grieves when other hearts are glad,
And my eyes at sad drop fruitoth
At the sight of others sad.

Ah! be kind—life hath no secret
For our happiness like this;
Kindly hearts are seldom sad ones,
Blessings ever brighteth his
Lend a helping hand to others,
Smile though all the world should frown;
Man is man; we are all brothers,
Black or white or red or brown.

Man is man though straddled o'ns,
Life is such where he stands,
How divided into nations,
Scattered over many lands;
Man is man by form and feature,
Man by vice and virtue, too,
Man is all, one common nature
Speak and binds us brothers, too.

IT IS OVER.

It is over? What is over?
Nay, how much is over truly?—
Harvest days we toiled to sow for;
Now the sheaves are gathered newly—
Now the wheat is garnered duly.

It is finished. What is finished?
Much is finished: known or unknown;
Lives are finished: time diminished;
Was the fallow field left unsown?
Will these buds be always unblown?

It suffices. What suffices?
All suffices reckoned rightly;
Spring shall bloom when snow the ice is,
Roses make the bramble sightly,
And the quickening sun shine brightly,
And the latter wind blow lightly,
And my garden teem with spices.

[Christina Rossetti.

OCTOBER.

The month of carnival all of the year,
When nature lets the wild earth go its way,
And spend whole seasons on a single day
The spring-time hold her white and purple dear;
October, lavish flaunts them far and near.
The summer barily her reds doth lay
Like jewels on her coolliest array:
October saves them, bursts them on a bier.
The winter hoards his pearls of frost, in sign
Of kingdom. Whiter pearls than winter knew,
Or empress wore in Egypt's ancient line.
October, feasts her heart in cups of blue,
Drinks at a draught, slow filtering through
Sunshiny air, as in a tingling wine!

[H. H., in October Atlantic.

CHURCHES FOR THE RICH.

What a Bishop Says about the Evils of Our Church Pew System.

From a Sermon by Bishop Potter.

The erection of free chapels in connection with parish churches which were not free was part of their modern and American system of expedients. He should not undertake to trace the rise and growth of what was called the pew system beyond their own shores, or to explain its origin amid other surroundings. It was enough to say that in England, where it had been known for many generations, and where some of its worst abuses had ripened to maturity, it had always existed with qualifications largely unknown among us, and that to-day in the church of England, it was as verily a decaying and vanishing usage as is the use of the whipping post or the imprisonment of men for debt.

Unfortunately, however, this could not be said of it in the United States, where the tendency, if it is marked enough to be detected in any particular direction, is in the direction of the wider prevalence of the pew system. He knew that this was not the case in their own church, where (as he believed was true in Minnesota) there were whole dioceses where there was no church or chapel which was not free. But in communions outside the church, as among the Methodist, the pew system had certainly gained grounds in cities, while at the other ecclesiastical extreme, the church of the Roman obedience had many of them pews which were let or sublet to two or three series of tenants. And among themselves, while there had been progress, that progress had not been rapid, and the growth of a sounder sentiment in the church at large had, on the whole, been painfully slow. As it should be in all great reforms, the clergy had been in the advance, and too much honor could not be given to men who had committed themselves to the free church movement, in a noble disregard of every personal consideration of comfort or security. But the clergy had not been largely followed by the laity, nor was it, perhaps, greatly surprising.

The success of the free church movement in England had been achieved, it should be remembered, under different conditions and amid very different surroundings from their own. English society was a society substantially of fixed classes and of sharply defined social lines. Men held their place in it mainly by virtue of hereditary considerations quite outside of any purchased precedence in the house of God. Indeed, so firmly fixed were those lines, and so potent in separating classes, that when men came to the house of God they were anxious—the loftiest often even more than the lowliest—to forget and obliterate those lines by every means in their power.

A friend of the preacher visiting a crowded church in the east end of London, which was the five points of that great city, reached over the shoulder of some near him in the throng which gathered it the porch, and in accordance with a vicous practice not yet extinct in England, dropped a shilling in the hand of some one whom he had observed with his back to him, busily engaged seating strangers. The supposed verger turned at once and faced him, and he recognized in him one of the first noblemen of England. In other words, a man of high rank came to the services, mainly that he might be the servant of the lowliest stranger that sought entrance.

But with us the condition of things was very different. In America there were no favored classes, but there was in every generation a large class who were struggling for social precedence, and who were willing to buy it at any cost. And for this class the pew system seemed to have been specially contrived. To buy a place in a conspicuous church and have that place itself as conspicuous as might be—this was a title to a certain recognition which, however hazy and indefinite it might be when one undertook to analyze it, was not indefinite in its actual results. And so it came to pass that many churches were composed almost exclusively of persons of one class, or, at all events, of those of ample means, if not of great wealth. He knew that it might be answered that even in such churches there was abundant hospitality to strangers, and that that hospitality was exercised generously from one year's end to another. He presumed there were many churches in New York in which there were no free sittings and yet in which, as is that to which it was his own privilege to minister, the strangers who were welcomed to its pews might be counted by hundreds. But he was speaking of the general working of a system, and as to the results of that system, it seemed to him that no candid mind could really be in doubt.

If the facts which could be cited had any meaning they meant that the present system of pewed churches was a mistake, and that if it had any seeming warrant in the exigencies of other days, it must sooner or later give way before the power—might we not truly say—the stronger religious life of our own. He knew that ere were many pewed churches that were still prosperous and prosperous. If, just now, they were content not to look beyond the walls of the edifice in which he minis'ered, he might easily dismiss all anxiety for the welfare of the church at large. But a few churches, occupying a central position, and with means and ample accommodation, were no criterion of the vast major ty that were otherwise circumstanced. The preacher admitted that the reform to which his discourse pointed would not be the work of a day, nor of a year.

GREAT LONDON PREACHERS.

Their Relative Merits—Mr. Spurgeon Clear and Practical—Dean Stanley Ornate and Liberal—Canon Liddon Eloquent but Conservative.

N. Y. Tribune.

LONDON, August 12.—Having had excellent opportunities for hearing the great preachers of London I will give my impressions concerning them. It is strange that with the rare advantages possessed by the established church in its universities, the greatest and most popular preacher in the city should be a nonconformist who has had no collegiate training. Mr. Spurgeon, to whom I refer, has been over twenty years in London. There is nothing in his manner that ordinarily gives a preacher popularity. He is not sensational and has few eccentricities. He is never vulgar, coarse or profane. There is no trifling or levity in his discourses, yet there is sometimes trenchant wit. There is, however, a careful and thorough exposition of the truths of the Scriptures as he understands them. His sermons are constructed simply, and clothed in the language of common everyday life. They are lighted up with brilliant metaphors and impressed upon the mind with strong illustrations drawn from various sources, but mainly from the Bible. The 7,000 people who go to the tabernacle every Sunday are held face to face with God. They are placed beneath His law, and are pointed to the eternal judgment which awaits them. All this is not calculated ordinarily to make the preacher popular. But after all these years Mr. Spurgeon has a firmer hold upon the public than ever. It may well be asked how he succeeded in maintaining and strengthening it. The answer is near at hand. He has been a most laborious student of everything connected with the scriptures. He is thoroughly in earnest. No one questions his sincerity. His life has been above all reproach. Besides, he has been gifted with great common sense and a marvellous voice. His labors are almost incredible. More than sixty of his sermons are published every year, and they are of such merit that they are eagerly reprinted and read by the inhabitants of two continents. His lectures and preaching and the pastoral work among the students in his training college for preachers are unsurpassed. His exposition of the Psalms of David has grown already to four large volumes, and is acknowledged to be the best ever given to the world, being read by all, Ritualists, High and Low Churchmen, and Dissenters.

A very different preacher is Dean Stanley. His sermons are as polished in their style as are his lectures on the Jewish or the Eastern Church. They are broad enough for the most liberal. In the sermon which he preached in Westminister Abbey, in concluding a course delivered by various clergymen recently, from the text, "Gather up the fragments," the dean said they should "gather up the fragments" of truth contained in hymns like one which he quoted from Doddridge, and then he followed the hymn with a growing eulogy upon this great nonconformist of the last century." "Gather up the fragments!" he said again, "of truth found in Zenda Vesta," and in the scientific teachings of the times. The dean, too, is very popular, as might be judged from hundreds being unable to get admission to the abbey on this occasion.

Canon Liddon, of St. Paul's is a preacher of a different order. His style of sermonizing might be deemed almost faultless. His style and form of expression are unexpected. Although his voice is not overstrong, no one of the 5,000 people who sat under the great dome last Sunday afternoon need have lost a word of his discourse. Unlike Dean Stanley, Canon Liddon leans toward the Ritualists. This party is just now giving the establishment a great deal of trouble. The Arches court is busy dealing with accusations of ritualism. Whatever may be their faults it must be admitted, however, that the Ritualists set in some respects a good example. St. Alban's church, which has a confessional, and a system resembling that of the Roman Catholic monasteries, is in Baldwin's court, a wretched place, inhabited by the very lowest classes. The rector of this church, who has been repeatedly under discipline for his ritualistic practices, is doing more for the poor people of this district than all the other churches therein. Perhaps, after all, he is not under discipline by "the Judge of the earth," who may look more to his work than how he does it.

The Next State Librarian.

When the next governor comes to make his appointments he should, as it seems to me, appoint a lady to the office of state librarian. It is true that we of the south have no sympathy with those yankee notions of women's rights that thrust ladies into those professions which seem to be only appropriate for the execution of masculine energies. But let us not go too far the other way. Let us see to it that we do not discourage women who have need to make their own living by indulging undue squeamishness on this subject. Every consideration of propriety should lead us to rather encourage women in the performance of such work as they are fitted to do. One other thing seems plain to me: women should receive as good pay for their work as men receive for the same services. It is as absurd as it is unjust to pay a woman who does the same work a man does half as much as the man receives. Men succeed better than women in law, medicine, farming and such like. And there are plenty of things for men to do if they are willing to work. But these are things women can do and do so well. No doubt the next governor will have "more pegs than holes," as Lincoln told the incompetent applicant for a commission in the army. No doubt there will be hundreds of applicants for office who will undertake to prove that they made him governor. No doubt he can find five hundred men who will be willing to take care of the state library. He can't appoint them all. At least four hundred and ninety-nine will be disappointed. And perhaps two hundred and fifty will be mad if not appointed. So it is to be hoped his coming excellency will send the whole five hundred about their business and appoint some cultured Georgia woman to the office of state librarian. For years Mrs. General Haskill has served the state of Tennessee as librarian. And she does it well. Time and again your correspondent has visited the splendid library in Nashville. Ten minutes interview showed that this gifted woman was mistress of her business. It is no experiment; Louisiana I am told, has a lady librarian It would be a proper thing for Georgia to express approval of the merits of her true and gifted daughters to "provide for those of their own household," by appointing at least a lady to the office of state librarian. I have neither mother, nor wife, nor sister, nor kinwoman to nominate. H.

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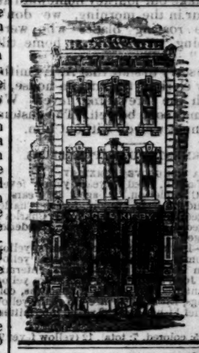

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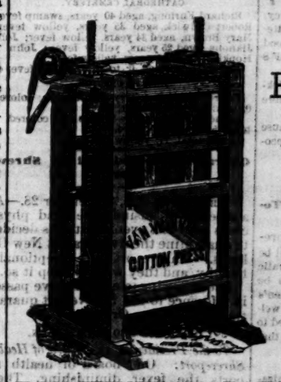

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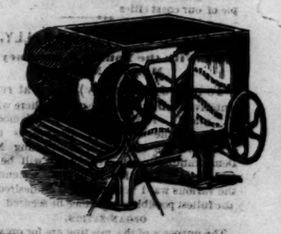

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aug6—d3m-sun&thur-cor-b

Georgia Gossip.

—Major Edward Willis and daughters Ella and Zainee are at Dalton.

—The hotel buildings and furniture at Cohuttah springs have been destroyed by fire.

—Mr. R. A. Varnedoe, of Atlanta, is in the city. He is the general agent for the Hancock Insurance company, a company with new insurance features, that are bound to become popular.—Columbus Enquirer.

The doors had to be widened to allow him to enter in.

—B. F. Collins has retired from the Rick's house at Cartersville, and takes charge of the Barlow house at Americus. Joshua Sumner takes charge of the Rick's house.

—Mr. C. Drake of Acworth, has a "colt" 29 years old.

—James Pritchard, secretary of the Acworth grange, had a slight controversy with his mule a few days ago. The mule endeavored to knock out the "middle man," and Mr. Pritchard appeared as if he had been at an Irish wedding instead of a grange feast.

—The Echconee Baptist association have deferred the matter of dealing with members who have joined the grange until next year in order to give the members time to withdraw from the grange.

—M. A. Nevin of Rome is moving in the matter of a cotton factory. He is just the man for it. He has more vim to the square inch than the majority of men and if he puts his shoulders to the wheel it is bound to move forward.

—The cost of maintaining the agricultural bureau of the state is 1½ cents per citizen, and its existence has saved the farmers in one year $559,000 in the purchase of one article. Yet the astute politician will clamor for its abolishment at the next session of the legislature. And when he does the honest granger ought to sit right down on him.—Warrenton Clipper.

—We congratulate the Warrenton Clipper on its trade review. It was a perfect success and entitles the Clipper to the thanks of the people. The aggregate business of Warrenton foots up $335,000, an increase of $136,000. 1419 bales of cotton were received, an increase of 806 bales.

—The Atlanta CONSTITUTION of the 21st September was a success. It astonished even the natives. And we allies were amazed at the growing grandeur of the city. The CONSTITUTION has by this issue opened the eyes of many people, and we hope has also shut the mouths of the garrulous and senseless pipers against the city. Many hard and unjust things have been said of Atlanta. Yet she lives and moves on gradually to her destiny. We hope the time is near when every Georgian will feel proud of her. By the by, we think Atlanta and the state ought to feel proud of the CONSTITUTION—that paper has done more than any other one paper in Georgia to advance every interest of the state.—Jonesboro News.

—We learned the other day from citizens of Baker county that some ten days ago at a political meeting in that county Messrs. Jake Shiver and James Garrett engaged in a wrestling match. Mr. Garrett threw Mr. Shiver what is called a "dog fall," and the latter falling on a root broke his right arm in three places. He was taken up tenderly and conveyed to a place of comfort. Physicians were called in to amputate the broken arm, which was performed, but after lingering for several days Mr. Shiver died, death caused from mortification having set in. He was a good and respected citizen, and leaves a wife and two children and many friends to mourn his demise.—Albany News.

MARRIED IN GEORGIA.

—L B Lee to Miss C J Harrison, of Barnesville.

—Dr. J. M. Mason to Miss Minnie L Holmes, of Madison.

—P S Morrison to Mrs. Sue Luttrell, of Murray county.

—J I. Noble to Miss Eliza A McKinney, of Gilmer county.

—S F Fincher to Miss Fannie Jackson, of Murray county.

DIED IN GEORGIA.

—Dr. C W Musgrove, of Burke county.

—John Scott, of Waynesboro.

—Mrs. L D Carpenter, of Waynesboro.

List of Letters

List of letters remaining in the postoffice at Atlanta, Ga., Oct., 1, 1876. Persons calling for any of said letters will please say advertised and the date.

LADIES.

A—Miss Lucy Adams, Mi s H M Aldrick, Mrs Bettie Alarick, Miss Charlotte Alston, Mrs Emma Archer.

B—Mrs Mary Bell, Mrs A H Barnes, Mrs M J Black, Mrs M C Brown, Miss Patience Belle, Miss Eliza Brazleton, Miss Ida Burn, Miss V Bramlette Mrs Wm Bioris, Mrs Wm Brooks, Mrs Lula Bowers, Mrs Z Bishop.

C—Mrs M C Chapman, Mrs S Cherry, Mrs G Carmichael.

D—Mrs D A Daniel.

E—Mrs J R Edwards.

F—Mrs Anna Farris, Mrs Matilda Fullard.

G—Mrs A S Guice, Miss H M Gooden.

H—Miss Laura Hill, Miss Lizzie Hamilton, Mrs Eddy Hoge, Mrs Mary Hard.

K—Mrs Chas. Kingsly.

L—Mrs M F Landsdell, Mrs Bettie Lyon.

M—Mrs Hennette Mashy, Mis Chis Mane, Mrs G A McGarrah, Miss Emily McKeen, Mrs Ella Mitchell, Miss Charlotte Monroe, Mrs L A Mitchell, Mrs Mollie Martin, Miss Lena McBie.

O—Miss Celia O'Keefe, Mrs Hattie O'Neal, Miss Lula Oliver.

P—Mis M E Parks, Mrs C P Pa ne, Miss Jennie Pierce, Mrs S J Pemulcton.

R—Miss Mollie R sser, Mrs Bettie Runis, Mrs Corra Reese.

S—Miss Mollie Spence, Miss Josie Sloan, Mrs Rebecca Strover, Mary Jane Swane, Mrs S Simms, Miss Lucy Stephenson.

T—Miss Nancy Taylor, Mrs G A Taylor.

W—Mrs Alice Washburn, Miss Emma White, Miss J F Wheeler, Miss W A Walker, Miss Lizzie Welch.

Y—Mrs J E Yancy, Mrs Maherva Young, Mrs Dora Young.

GENTLEMEN.

A—Wm Allen, Shadrick Adams.

B—Brewer & Co, D M Brown, T Beckham, Carl Brown, R C Branan, Golden Brooks, T N Barker, H Bongee, J A Blackman, J Bell, Dr Wm Bankston.

C—O Coe, R G Cook, Hamp Chapman, Col T C Cook, Thos Cu ming, J H Covington.

D—P J Davis, J Daniel.

F—Finley & Son, C M French, D M Farrar, Ramons Sumer, John Fitzgibbons, H S Fuller.

G—T C Grisham, George Gordon, T Gunther, H Goodwin, Wm Gordon, W H Green.

H—H T Hodge, S S Hoese, Ralph Howard, R L Hanter, Campbell Harwell.

J—M W Jones, C H Jones, T Johnson, Jno S Jenkins J P Johnson, W R Jackson.

K—Kent.

L—L Lanston, N H Lemon, R B Lawson & Co, Frank Lee, Jas Lowe, W W Logan, Wm Luckie.

M—Rev J A McGarity, Isaac Murphy, H B Mitchell, Green Moody, Solomen Moore, R J Miller, J R Moyer, John McConnell, W B McDougal.

N—Alonzo Parks, Chas Phillips, D W Patterson, S W Perry.

R—Millard Reed, E J Reese, H Reynolds, J W Reeser, W H Rainey.

S—S A Scheemer, Jas Sims, J M bwanson, Jefferson, Jas W Stewart, W A Starnes, L H Snead.

T—Mr Thompson, O F Travis, R L Turner Lasai Tremens, L Thomson.

V—Isaac Varner.

W—And ew Wells, Aaron White, Elijah Walker, E T Warren, Henry Wise, Jno Walton, W V Wolfe.

BENJ. CONLEY, P.M.

Bank Statement.

STATEMENT OF THE CONDITION OF THE

State Savings Bank of Atlanta, Ga.,

AT CLOSE OF BUSINESS, SEPTEMBER 30TH, 1876.

RESOURCES.			LIABILITIES.		
Loans and discounts		$96,318 43	Capital stock paid in		$50,000 00
Furniture, fixtures, etc		988 92	Surplus Fund		1,000 00
Current expenses		1,143 25	Discount and interest	$4,960 62	
Due from Banks and Bankers	$7,909 60		Exchanges	401 16—	6,361 98
Cash on hand	11,084 43—	18,944 13	Notes rediscounted		15,000 00
			Individual deposits		43,459 09
		$116,821 00			$116,821 00

STATE OF GEORGIA, FULTON COUNTY.—W. W. Bell, Cashier of the State Savings Bank of Atlanta, being duly sworn, deposes and says, that the foregoing statement, is true to the best of his knowledge and belief.

W. W. BELL, Cashier.

Sworn to and subscribed before me, this third day of September, 1876.

J. W. CULPEPPER, Notary Public.

Ten Cent Column.

Advertisements of "Wanted," "For Sale," "To Rent," "Lost and Found," &c., will be inserte in this column at Ten Cents a line, each insertion. All advertisements in this column must be paid for in advance; and none will be taken for less than thirty cents.

A LOT of second-hand Sewing Machines of almost any make, cheap. Mead & Co., 36 Peachtree street, oct1-dlt

HOUSE WANTED—A good house, within four or five minutes walk of the Union Depot. Rent from $30 00 to $75 per month. Answer Box 326 P. O. oct1-sun&tues

GET your Sewing Machine Needles, Oil and attachments from Mead & Co., 36 Peachtree street. oct1-dlt

FOR RENT—A desirable Cottage, No. 21 Crew street, between Mitchell and Peters streets. Possession given October 4th. Apply at No. 45 McDonough street. oct1-dlt

GET your old Sewing Machines made good as new at Mead & Co.'s, 36 Peachtree street. oct1-dlt

WANTED—A partner with $2,500 00 in cash to extend and enlarge a well established manufacturing business, paying large profits and business increasing rapidly. Address Manufacturer, Constitution. oct1—dlt

FOR RENT—A pleasant suit of rooms. Enquire of Wm. Jackson, at Hall's Safe and Lock Company office, 59 Broad St. oct1-d2t

SEWING Machines Repaired, Overhaulied and properly adjusted, at Mead & Co.'s, 36 Peachtree street. oct1-dlt

LOST—Yesterday evening about five o'clock between the Air-Line House and the corner of Mitchell and Whitehall streets, my pocket book, containing $2 00. The finder will be liberally rewarded by leaving it at this office. B. B. Marshall. oct1-dlt

FOR RENT—Two houses on Whitehall street, Nos. 177 and 185. Apply to D. Smith, 66½ or 173 Whitehall. june18-dsuntf

FOR SALE—The property of Mrs Eckford, situated in Edgewood, Georgia, 2½ miles from Atlanta. A comfortable house and six acres of land. For further information call on C G Eckford, at Chamberlin, Boynton & Co. oct1-dlw

WANTED—A salesman who has experience in the carpet business; must understand his business—no other need apply at Furchgott, Benedict & Co oct1-1t

FOR RENT—I will rent to a good paying tenant a dwelling house with 7 rooms; all in thorough repair; good well of water; very convenient to the churches and business portion of the city and in one of the best neighborhoods in Atlanta. Apply to L L Abbott, at Abbott & Bro. oct1-1t

WANTED, One pair store Trucks and 1 pair Fairbanks' Platform Scales—second hand. Address with price, and where to be seen P O Box 154. oct1-1t

25 VISITING CARDS finely printed for 35 cents; 50 for 50 cents. 6 samples for stamp. B N Matthews & Co., 47 Whitehall street, Atlanta, Ga. oct1-1t

REMEMBER Mrs. Harper's Select School of Good Templars' hall, corner Marietta and Broad streets. Terms from 8th to 5th grade in grammar school, per month, $1 00; 4th to 1st grade in grammar school, per month, $2 00; all grades in high school per month, $3 00. Same books used that are used in the public schools. Vocal music and French calisthenics gratis. oct1-1t

THAT ADMIRED HILL FOR SALE—4 acres improved. Lawn, garden, orchards of choice fruits, shrubbery and flowers. All necessary outbuildings. Terms accommodating. Titles perfect. Apply, 237 Houston street, to W. C. Lawshe. sep17—d4sun

FOR SALE—A great bargain—a good farm of 202¾ acres, very well improved. Five miles from Atlanta. Good road to the city. $3,500 cash. Address D, 85½ Whitehall street.

FOR SALE, OR FOR RENT—From 1st of next October, comfortable dwelling of eight rooms on half-acre lot, on S. Forsyth street. W. P. Pattillo. sep3—difsun&fues

FOR information about sale of lots at the new town Lula, junction N. Eastern and Air-Line Railroads, call on E. F. & J. Hurt, 19 Marietta street. sep21—dec6d1

THE services of a competent Bill Clerk can be secured by addressing Thomas H., care this office. sep30—d3t

STRAYED—One large dark bay Mule, from the City Brewery. For bringing back the same a handsome reward is offered by the Atlanta City Brewing Co., No. 8 West Hunter street. sep30—d3t

WANTED—A situation in a first class wholesale house in Atlanta, as traveling agent for upper South Carolina and Georgia. First class reference can be given. Address "Earnest," Key Box 24, Anderson, S. C. sep30—d4t

FOR RENT—A large 20 room house, centrally located. Suitable for a Boarding House. Terms easy. Address C. H., Constitution office. sep20—dtf

CENTRAL RESIDENCE FOR SALE—No. 13 Houston street, near Peachtree. One of the best neighborhoods in the city. Address J. G. Reynolds. sep29—dtf

FOR RENT—A large new residence, No. 112, corner of Pryor and Mitchell streets. Water works attached with modern improvements. Possession given the first of November. Apply to John A. Speer, No. 8 Decatur street. sep26—dtf

FOR RENT—A new store and basement on Broad street, opposite Constitution—twenty-three feet by one hundred. Also, several rooms in second story, suitable for offices and sleeping, with water and closets on each floor. Apply to A. Murphy, at Lumber Yard. sep28—dtf

ROOMS TO RENT—Several desirable rooms for office or bed rooms to rent in my new building on Broad street, opposite the Constitution office. Building supplied with all conveniences. Apply to James W. English & Co. sep28—dtf

TO RENT FOR ONE YEAR—A handsome Hall suitable for a meeting place for a Society or Association. Terms very reasonable. Apply at Constitution office. sep27—dtf

FOR RENT—After November 1st, hall and rooms now occupied by Concordia Association. For terms apply to Smythe & McCain, 15 Mitchell street. sep21—dtf

A GENTLEMAN owns a four acre block in West End, near street cars, on Lee street, wants to build on half of the lot, and sell the other half for funds to build with. Prefers to sell to some one who will improve. Lot beautifully located, nice grove and lies well. Address C., this office. sept—dtf

FOR RENT—A good finished house. 171 Forsyth street, below Garnett. Apply next door at Mihalovitch's. sep26—dtf

Deputy Sheriff's Sale

I WILL, on the first Tuesday in November, 1876, sell before the court house door in the town of Trenton, county of Dade, and state of Georgia, within the legal hours of sale to the highest bidder, for cash, the following property to-wit:

Lots of land numbers 211, 212, 68, 77, 147, 149, 157, 218, 179, 180, 143, 90, 75, 76, 106, 110, 112, 107, 219, 221, 214, 213, 183, 184, 175, 176, 177, 140, 188, 220, 144, 251, 253, 148, 217, 166, 150, 151, 182, 215, 218, 176, 142, 141, 202, 103, 104, 134, in the eleventh district and fourth section. Also lots Nos. 89, 91, 82, 83, 91, 92, in the eighteenth district and fourth section. All of the above lands lying and being situated in Dade county, Ga. Levied upon as the property of the Rising Fawn Iron company by virtue of and to satisfy sundry fi fas issued from Dade superior court in favor of, to-wit: Tawe & Hartman, R S Coleman, H D Austin, Alexander Jordon, Newhouse, Roseman & Co, Meadow Bros, James W Bivins, James W Bivins, W E Andrews V C Larmo e; Case and Cole for use of officers of court, John Bullard, D O Russell, Lesher Bros, Randolph Marsh & Co, H C Lesher and Lesher & Co, jointly, severally, and against the Rising Fawn Iron company. Property pointed out by plaintiff's attorney, tenants in possession notified.

Also, at the same time and place the following described property, to-wit: Lot of land No. 19 in the twelfth district and fourth section, and 20 acres of lot No 101, in the eighteenth district and fourth section, and 115 acres of lot No 289, in the eleventh district and fourth section, and lot of land No 285, in the eleventh district and fourth section. Levied on as the property of George H Hasleburst, by virtue of and to satisfy a fi fa issued from said superior court, in favor of J C Nesbet, trustee &c vs George H Hasleburst. Property pointed out by plaintiff's attorney, tenants in possession notified. This 29th September, 1876.

M. MCGOUGH, Deputy Sheriff.

C. OSTERLOH

WILL give thorough instruction in the German Language at moderate terms.

Reference:—Mr. Theo. Schumann, corner Hunter and Whitehall streets. oct1-dlt

Church Directory.

TRINITY (METHODIST) CHURCH, CORNER Whitehall and Peters streets, Rev W F Cook pastor. Preaching at 10:45 A M, and 7:30 P M, by the pastor. Sunday school at 9:00 A M.

SECOND BAPTIST CHURCH, CORNER OF Washington and Mitchell streets, Rev A T Spalding pastor. Preaching at 10:30 A M and 7:30 P M, by the pastor. The public and especially strangers cordially welcomed.

ST. PAUL'S, M. E. CHURCH, SOUTH, CORner Bell and Hunter streets, Rev. W. A. Dodge, pastor. Preaching at 10:30 A M and 7:15 P M, by the pastor. Sunday school at 3:30 P M, sharp.

ST. PHILIPS CHURCH, CORNER HUNTER and Washington streets. There will be divine service at 10:30 A. M. by Rev R C Foute, Rector. Strangers cordially invited to attend.

MISSION OF THE HOLY INNOCENTS, North Avenue, Rev. W H Hunt in charge. Services at 10:30, A. M. every Sunday, and at 7:30 P M on Tuesday nights. Sunday school at 9 A M.

MISSION OF THE REDEEMER, CASTLEberry Hill, Rev W H Hunt in charge. Services at 7:30 P M every Sunday and Friday at 7:30 P M. Sunday school at 4 p m.

FIRST METHODIST CHURCH, REV. DR. Harrison, pastor. Preaching at 10½ A M, and 7½ P M by the pastor. Class meeting at 9 A M. Sunday school at 4 P M. Seats free. Strangers welcome.

PAYNE'S CHAPEL, LUCKIE ST REET, REV T H Timmons pastor. Preaching at 11 A M, by Rev Mr McCrary, and at 7:45 P M, by Judge James Jackson. Sunday school at 9 A M. Class meeting at 3:30 P M. Prayer meeting every Wednesday night. Strangers invited.

SIXTH METHODIST CHURCH, SOUTH, Junction Peachtree street and Merritt's Avenue, Rev W C Dunlap, pastor. Preaching at 10:30 A M by Rev J E Godfrey, and at 7:30 P M, by Rev C C Davis. Sunday school at 9 A M. Prayer meeting weekly on Thursday night.

ST. LUKE'S CHURCH, CORNER WALTON and Spring streets, Rev George McCauley, rector, and W H Hunt assistant. Services at 10:30 A M, and 8 P M. Sunday school at 5 P M.

EVANS CHAPEL, CORNER CHAPEL AND Stonewall streets, Rev W C Dunlap, pastor in charge. Monthly Communion services at 11 A M. Preaching at 7:30 p m, by the pastor. Sunday school at 3:30 P M.

FIRST BAPTIST CHURCH, CORNER WALton and Forsyth streets, Rev Dr Gwin, pastor. Preaching at 10:30 A M by Rev Joseph A Wynne. Sunday school at 9 a m. The public, and especially strangers in the city, cordially invited to attend.

PIERCE CHAPEL—Memorial service of Miss Lala Smith at the Chapel at 3:30 P M.

New Advertisements.

DIVIDEND NO. 2.

State Savings Bank,

THE Board of Directors of this bank have this day declared a Regular Quarterly Dividend of Three per cent, payable to stockholders on demand. The Bank also added one thousand dollars to surplus fund.

oct1-d1t W. W. BELL, Cashier.

To Shippers.

No Detention on Freights

VIA

Port Royal Line.

SHORTEST AND QUICKEST FREIGHT LINE BETWEEN ATLANTA AND NEW YORK AND BOSTON.

I AM authorized to announce that there is no detention of freights between New York and the South, by this Line, either at Port Royal or Augusta. L. L. MCLESKEY,

oct1-1w Freight and Passenger Agent.

HEMP'S PATENT

OIL TANK

Holds 50 gallons, with pump and gauging rod all complete. Is the best tank in the market.

HUNT, RANKIN & LAMAR,

WHOLESALE DRUGGISTS.

Tanners' Oil

We have just received a lot of pure Strait's Oil.

HUNT, RANKIN & LAMAR,

WHOLESALE DRUGGISTS.

Reliabe Paints and Painting Material.

We are headquarters for desirable goods in this line, and buyers should call on us before purchasing.

HUNT, RANKIN & LAMAR,

WHOLESALE DRUGGISTS.

oct1—dtf

BOHNEFEL & BLILEY,

Undertakers & Cabinet Makers,

DeGIVE'S OPERA HOUSE,

Corner Marietta and Forsyth Streets,

ATLANTA, GEORGIA.

WE will keep on hand the very best assortment of Coffins, Burial Cases and Caskets, and will supply the demand at the very lowest rates.

All persons interested are invited to call and examine our stock. All orders will have prompt attention and our personal supervision.

Hearses of any style desired, and Carriages of any kind or quantity, furnished at satisfactory rates.

In the Cabinet department, every description of Furniture made or repaired promptly, in the finest style of the art, and the most durable manner. CHARLES BOHNEFEL,

aug28-eodly FRANCIS E. BLILEY.

Administrator's Sale.

N. R. FOWLER, Auctioneer.

BY virtue of an order from the court of ordinary of Fulton county, Georgia, will be sold on the first Tuesday in November next, during the legal hours of sale, before the court-house door in the city of Atlanta, Fulton county, the following property, to-wit:

City lot near the junction of Peters and Walker streets fronting on Peters street 64 feet, more or less, and 70 feet, more or less, on Walker street, and having a depth on the northeast line of 59 feet, more or less, and 75 feet on the southwest side. The lot will be divided in two parts and sold in two lots. On the northeast lot is a two-room tenement house, and a good well on the other, said lots being a portion of land lot No 85, in the 14th district of originally Henry now Fulton county, and fronting on Peters street 40 feet, extending back 177 feet, more or less, and adjoins Settles' wagon yard and property of John D. Cameron.

Also, a lot, being the southwest corner of Mangum and Magazine streets, fronting 50 feet on Mangum and 100 feet, more or less, on Magazine. On this lot is a well built, weatherboarded, four room house, finished, with hall and double kitchen.

Sold as the property of John G. Hancock, late of Bibb county, deceased.

Terms—One third cash; balance 6, 12 and 18 months, with 10 per cent per annum on notes.

MILO S. FREEMAN,

oct4—dsat1-15-29&nov7th Administrator.

Atlanta and West Point Railroad TIME TABLES.

To take effect Sunday, October 1st, 1876, 10.56 a m

STATIONS.	ARRIVE	LEAVE
No. 1 Noon Mail and Pass'ger Train—Out		
Atlanta		1:35 p m
West Point	5:51	
No. 2 Evening Mail and Pass. Train—In		
West Point		10:56 a m
Atlanta	2:51	
No. 3 Mixed Freight and Pass. Train—Out		
Atlanta		4:15 p m
West Point	11:15	
No. 4 Mixed Freight and Pass. Train—In		
West Point		2:00 a m
Atlanta	8:50	
No. 5. Day Freight Train—Outward.		
Atlanta		7:00 a m
West Point	2:50	
No. 6. Day Freight Train—Inward.		
West Point		8:00 a m
Atlanta	3:50	

L. P. GRANT, Superintendent.

Wanted Immediately.

A FIRST-CLASS CARRIAGE PAINTER can find employment by addressing the undersigned stating terms. H. A. MORGAN,

oct-1d1t (Station 13 C. R. R.) Temille, Ga.

Latest Styles.

MRS. M. RAWLS

HAS just received from New York, patterns of the Latest Styles for Dress Making.

46 Whitehall street,

up-stairs, next to Dr. Hape's office. oct1-d2t

For Sale.

A CHARMING RESIDENCE in one of the most delightful parts of the city. The lot contains 1 1-6 acres, well stocked with fruit trees, grape vines, etc. Has a comfortable and very convenient 4-room cottage upon it, and a good well of cold freestone water. The lot is just far enough from the center of the city to be free from all malarial influences, and has one of the finest views to be obtained in the city. Price low and terms very easy. Owners only reason for selling being that he is about to leave the city. Also, a fine Horse and Carriage. Apply to G. W. ADAIR, Wall street, or D. A. SPENCER, Austell building. Payments in installments for four years.

aug27—dsuntf

ATLANTA & RICHMOND Air-Line Railway.

JOHN H. FISHER, Receiver.

SUPERINTENDENT'S OFFICE,

ATLANTA, GA., Sept. 10, 1876.

ON and after OCTOBER 2 the New Holland passenger train, leaving Atlanta at 5 p. m. will be discontinued.

JOHN B. PECK, Superintendent.

oct1-dlw

GEORGIA, Dade County.

Ordinary's Office, Sept 28, 1876.

J. C. NISBET has applied for exemption of personality and setting apart and valuation of homestead and I will pass upon the same at 11 o'clock a m on October 25th, 1876, at my office. J. A. BENNETT,

oct1-w1aw1w Ordinary.

DISSOLUTION.

THE firm of Landrum & Bro is dissolved by mutual consent. S. H. Landrum will continue to do a general grocery and produce business at the old stand. Will settle and collect all debts of the old firm.

S. H. LANDRUM,

oct1-d1t J. N. LANDRUM.

Desirable Property for Sale in East Georgia.

THE subscriber, desirous of removing to the lower part of Georgia, offers at private sale that valuable family residence immediately on the Western and Atlantic Railroad, and better known as the Gignilliat place, consisting of A most elegant dwelling, with 13 large and well ventilated rooms, together with several other nice cottage buildings attached. Four acres of ground with a beautiful grove, vegetable and flower garden, clover field, fruit trees, vines, &c. Terms—One third cash, and the balance in easy payments. Apply to Mrs. C. T. Gignilliat, at his residence in Marietta, Ga. JAMES GIGNILLIAT.

Fall and Winter Opening.

ON FRIDAY, October 6, I will be pleased to show the latest and choicest assortment of IMPORTED BONNETS AND HATS.

Also the handsomest Ties, Feathers and Flowers in all the new designs and shades. Respectfully, Mrs. A. F. PICKETT,

Oct1-d1w. 45 Whitehall street.

Amusements.

Grand Festival

By the Young Ladies of the

FIRST BAPTIST CHURCH

Monday, Tuesday & Wednesday nights,

October 2d, 3d and 4th

Three Double Stores,

No. 70 Whitehall street

next to Chamberlin & Boynton's, for the benefit of the Yellow Fever

Sufferers in Brunswick

A GRAND FESTIVAL will be given by the young ladies of the First Baptist Church of this city, the net proceeds of which will be forwarded to Brunswick to assist the sick and afflicted of our sister city. The entertainment will consist of vocal an instrumental music, beautiful tableaux, addresses, recitations, etc., in which some of the best amateur and professional talent of Atlanta will render voluntary assistance. A special feature each evening will be

A Contest for Crowns

to be followed by a brilliant coronation scene in honor of the victorious contestant for the insignia of royalty.

Ford's Celebrated Empire Band

will be present at the Festival. The public is invited to a social time. The ladies in this patriotic and charitable purpose. COME SHOW YOUR CHARITY.

sep30—d2t

THE GIRLS' SOCIETY

Of Trinity Church will give a

Concert & Tableaux

AT

CONCORDIA HALL

ON

Tuesday, October 3, 1876

For the benefit of the

Fever Sufferers

The best talent of the city have volunteered their services. sep29—dtd

New Advertisements.

Administrator's Sale.

R. FOWLER....Auctioneer.

BY virtue of an order from the Court of Ordinary of Bibb county, Georgia, will be sold on the first Tuesday in November next, during the legal hours of sale, before the Court House door in the city of Atlanta, Fulton county, Georgia, the following property, to-wit:

A lot, with the improvements thereon (except the one occupied by Ed McCollough), situated in the city of Atlanta, being a portion of land lot number 84, in the 14th district of originally Henry now Fulton county, and fronting on Peters street 40 feet, extending back 177 feet, more or less, and adjoins Settles' wagon yard and property of John D. Cameron.

Also, a lot, being the southwest corner of Mangum and Magazine streets, fronting 50 feet on Mangum and 100 feet, more or less, on Magazine. On this lot is a well built, weatherboarded, four room house, finished, with hall and double kitchen.

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Oct1-d1w. 45 Whitehall street.

Ice.

ICE! ICE!

Cunningham's Warehouse.

aug20—dtf

Centennial Route

THE PEOPLE'S FAVORITE

LOUISVILLE & CINCINNATI

SHORT LINE

RAILROAD.

The Quickest, Best & Only Route

with which Passengers from the South make direct connection at Louisville with

Pullman Palace Sleeping Cars

To Pittsburg, Harrisburg, Philadelphia,

New York

And other Eastern Cities

Without Change.

This is the only line running through Pullman Southern Sleeping Cars from New Orleans, Mobile, Jackson, Miss., Montgomery, Grenada, Decatur, Jackson, Tenn., and Nashville to Cincinnati without change, connecting at that point with all lines running Pullman and Wagner Palace Sleepers to Toledo, Detroit, Grand Rapids, Baltimore Washington, Sandusky, Cleveland, Buffalo, Albany, Albany, Salamanca, and New York without change.

This is the only line running its entire train between Louisville and Cincinnati, and the only line by which passengers from the South en route to Eastern and Northern Cities can be through Sleeping Cars) can avoid a tedious haul through the city of Louisville, by changing cars at Short Line Junction with S. & C. R. R. three miles south of the city, where an elegant Dining Hall is located, under the management of the Railroad Companies

Through Sleepers from Atlanta, Chattanooga, Little Rock, Memphis and Vicksburg, make direct connection at Short Line Junction with Through Sleepers to New York, Philadelphia, and other cities via this line.

During the Centennial

Exhibition at Philadelphia. Tickets via this Line will be sold at reduced rates to officers of the South and Southwest at greatly reduced rates.

ASK FOR TICKETS VIA

LOUISVILLE & THE SHORT LINE

No Other Line Can Equal It.

C. R. KELLY, Gen'l Ticket Agent. JOHN KILKENY, Gen'l Pass. Agent.

JOHN MAC LEOD, Gen'l Sup't,

aug8—dtf Louisville, Ky.

Schools and Colleges

WESLEYAN

FEMALE COLLEGE,

MACON, GA.

The Thirty-ninth Annual Session will begin

Wednesday, Sept. 20, 1876,

with a full Faculty of Professors and Teachers.

THIS IS A

HOME INSTITUTION

of the highest grade. Its long list of graduates found in every part of the South is its best recommendation.

Advantages, educational, social and religious, unsurpassed.

For particulars address

REV. W. C. BASS, D.D., President.

or REV. C. W. SMITH, D.D., Secretary.

july25—d2m

THE MISSES SKINNER

Will open in Atlanta, September 14, a

Boarding and Day School

OF HIGH ORDER.

Application can be made to the Principals, 104 E. Peters street.

Reference—Rev. Mr. Foute. [aug3—d3mw1t

A. SATZKY.

Merchant Tailor,

No. 10 Alabama street opposite Pease's Restaurant,

would respectfully call your attention to his

FALL OPENING

which will comprise all the latest styles of French and English novelties. sep20—dtf

Carriages! Buggies!

PERSONS who desire superior CARRIAGES that will give satisfaction, will find it to their interest to call at

No. 12 Forsyth Street,

and examine my stock, which consists of double seated SUN TOP TOP and NO TOP BUGGY, one horse EXTENSION TOP VICTORIA, &c., which will be sold at

Prices to Suit the Times.

Call soon and and get a bargain. Carriages repainted in the best style and at reduced prices.

Factory and Saleroom,

No. 12 Forsyth street, opposite the Capitol.

sep26—d1m A. T. FINNEY.

WINSHIP IRON WORKS SAW MILLS GRIST MILLS MILL GEARING & SHAFTING, PULLEYS &C HORSE POWERS SORGHUM MILLS

THE CELEBRATED WINSHIP COTTON GIN. THE WINSHIP COTTON PRESS FOR STEAM, HORSE, OR HAND POWER ADDRESS WINSHIP & BRO. SEND FOR CIRCULARS ATLANTA GA.

Tried by Fire and Found not Wanting

J. L. VARNER,

Fire and Life Insurance Agent,

CUTHBERT, GA.,

REPRESENTS the old and reliable Liverpool and London and Globe, and the most substantial American companies. Insurance placed at lowest rates and losses promptly

feb4, 1876—d1y

THE MILD POWER

CURES

HUMPHREYS'

HOMEOPATHIC SPECIFICS

Been in general use for twenty years. Every one proved, the most SAFE SIMPLE, ECONOMICAL and EFFICIENT medicines known. They are just what the people want, saving time and money overturning sickness and suffering. Each single specific the well tried prescription of an eminent physician.

Nos.	Cures.	Cents.
1.	Fevers, Congestion, Inflammations,	25

Preferred Locals.

SUGAR CREEK PAPER MILLS.

WM. McNAUGHT & CO.

The Daily and Weekly CONSTITUTION for specimen of our "news." mar22-dtf

Waiving the Homestead.

We are prepared to furnish, cheap blank notes containing the waiver of home, stead. Send your orders to CONSTITUTION office. apr21—dtf

Asphalt Side Walk.

As cheap as brick. For sample and references call at office, corner Forsyth and Walton streets. O. A. SMITH.

jly21—d2m

Coal! Coal! Coal!

COAL CREEK COAL,
SUWANEE COAL,
SODDY COAL.

Either of the above coals at very LOW RATES during the summer. With daily receipts I am prepared to fill all orders with dispatch. Orders solicited. Office and Yard near the Post-office, Marietta street, Atlanta, Ga.

JNO. F. EDWARDS,
july9—dsun-wed&fri3mo Agent.

The American People.

No people in the world suffer as much with Dyspepsia as Americans. Although years of experience in medicine had failed to accomplish a certain and sure remedy for this disease and its effects, such as Sour Stomach, Hart-burh Water-brush, Sick Headache, Costiveness, Palpitation of the Heart, Liver Complaint, coming up of food, low spirits, general debility, etc., yet, since the introduction of GREEN'S AUGUST FLOWER we believe there is no case of Dyspepsia that cannot be immediately relieved 30,000 dozen sold last year without one case of failure reported. Go to your Druggists, and get a Sample Bottle for 10 cents and try it. Two doses will relieve you. Regular size 75 cents.

HUNT, RANKIN & LAMAR,
apr3—deod&weow1y Wholesale Druggists.

James L. Watkins,

Manufacturers Agent,

No. 27 DeGive's Opera House,

will sell a fine $7.0 suit of Furniture for $350 00. Call at once and get a bargain. oct1-dtf

Fall line of Gents' Double and Single Sole Box-toe Boots and Gaiters, just received, by G. H. & A. W. FORCE.

sep30—dit

A suit of Furniture worth $150 00 will be sold for $100, at James L. Watkins, manufacturer agent, No, 27 DeGive's Opera House. obt1—dtf

What is a Turkish Bath?

A hot-air bath requiring four large rooms of *different temperatures*. The air is applied to the whole body, *head, and lungs*, thus greatly increasing its efficacy. The rooms should be well ventilated by communication with the *outside air*. Such is the bath given in Dr. Wilson's rooms, opposite the Markham House, and the *only* Turkish bath South. sep27—d1w

New Advertisements.

Administrator's sale—Milo S. Freeman.
Three per cent. dividend—State savings bank
New goods—Furchgott, Benedict & Co.
Removal—Boaz & Lee.
Grand opening—M. Rich.
Paints—Hunt, Rankin & Lamar.
Boots and shoes—A. O. M. Gay.
Sewing machines repaired—Mead & Co.
Dress goods—M. Rich.
Nice room and board—8 Wheat street.
Over Coats—A. & S. Rosenfeld.
Clothing—Haas Bros
Trunks—Atlanta Trunk Factory.
City Church directory for this day.
Store trucks wanted—P. O. Box 154.
New goods—John Keely.
Carpets—Furchgott, Benedict & Co.
Pocket book lost—B. C. Marshall.
Montevallo coal—W. S. Wilson.
Manufacturers agent—James L. Watkins.
Novelties—M. Rich.
Administrator's sale—Wm. Kile.
Sheriff's sales—M. Nicholas.
Dividend No. 2—W. W. Bell.
Fall and winter opening—Mrs. A. F. Pickert.
German language—G. Orterloh.
Exemption—J. A. Bennett.
Special attention—A. O. M. Gay.
To shippers—L. L. McCleskey.
Pleased to show and price—M Rich.
Balmoral skirts—Furchgott. Benedict & Co.
Condition of State Savings Bank.
Unclaimed letters—Benjamin Conley.
Rat root—G. P. Guilford.
Novelties—Mrs. O. A. Speigle.
Hostetter's stomach bitters.
A. & S. Pt. R. R. schedule—L. P. Grant.
Black cashmeres—M. Rich.
Machines made good as new—Mead & Co.
To commanders—Furchgott, Benedict & Co.
Carriage painter wanted—H. A. Morgan.
Hosiery, etc—A. O. M. Gay.
Tanners' oil—Hunt, Rankin & Lamar.
Franklin S. P. H—James P. Harrison & Co.
Latest styles—Mrs. M. Rawls.
Fall line of boots and shoes—G. H. & A. W Force
Partner wanted—Manufacturer.
Latest style dress goods—M. Rich.
Dissolution—Landrum & Landrum.
Board No. 8 Wheat street.
Removal—Howard, Wood & Co.
New Hollad train discontinued—J. B. Peck.
Cardinal red—Furchgott, Benedict & Co.
Suit of rooms for rent—Wm. Jackson.
New goods—R. O. Douglass.
Oil tank—Hunt, Rankin & Lamar.
Dress goods—A. O. M. Gay.
Machine needles, etc—Mead & Co.
For rent—L. L. Abbott.
Carpet salesman wanted—Furchgott, B & Co.
Cloaks—M. Rich.
House and land for sale—C. G. Eckford.
Large stock hats—A. & S. Rosenfeld
New shawls—Furchgott, Benedict & Co.
25 visit cards for 35c—B. N. Matthews & Co
No. 2 coal yard—W. S. Wilson.
2d hand sewing machines—Mead & Co.
House wanted—Box 426 P. O.
Special bargains—M. Rich.
Select school—Mrs. Harper.
Cottage for rent—45 McDonough st.
Furniture—James L Watkins.
Fall stock—A. O. M. Gay.
Academy of medicine—T. M. McIntosh, M. D.
Everybody—Eiseman Brothers.
New silks—Furchgott, Benedict & Co.
Shoes—M. Rich.

White Pine Sashes, Doors Blinds, Mantels, Mouldings, etc., at the lowest prices and of the best quality. All orders will have our prompt attention.

JENKINS & ASHLEY,
31 and 33 Broad street, near Bridge.
sep16—dsmo-n-l

Dr. J. A. Link has returned from the Centennial. sep30—sat3mth

WATCHES.

Just received another consignment of those celebrated Gold Watches for ladies and gents' wear, this being the third lot I have sold in the past sixty days. Remember, I am offering these watches at hard pan prices, and am instructed by the owners to close out this lot in the next thirty days. Each watch guaranteed for three years from date of sale. My customers and all who know me will take notice. I tell you now is the time for a bargain in a fine watch.

GEO. SHARP, JR.
sept10-tf

THE CENTENNIAL GUIDE.

The Best Published.

Every one going to the Centennial should have one of these Guides. Price only 25 cents. Sent post-paid for that sum. Call at, or address PHILLIPS CREW, Atlanta, Ga. aug17—dtf

Cabbage and Potatoes.

50 barrels choice Russett Potatoes,
50 crates choice Kentucky Cabbage.
Just received and for sale by
McMILLAN & BROW,
25 Marietta and 31 Forsyth streets.
sep30—dat&sun

1000 bus. Winter Grazing Seed Oats,
800 bus. Seed Rye,
200 bus. Georgia Seed Barley.
Just received and for sale low by
McMILLAN & BROW,
sep30—sat&sun

To Our Readers,

Read Furchgott, Benedict & Co.'s advertisement in another column. They offer great inducements and their new stock of dress goods surpasses everything seen in this market.

STATE SAVINGS BANK,
No. 8 Kimball House, Wall Street,
ATLANTA, GEORGIA.

Dr. G. W. HAYNE.....President.
W. W. BELL.....Cashier.

Paid in Capital, $50,000.

This bank pays seven per cent. interest, compounded semi-annually, on savings deposits from one dollar to any amount.

It also issues certificates of deposit payable on demand, and bearing seven per cent. interest if the money is left thirty days or longer.

june28—d3m-b-s

Apples! Apples! Apples!

We have just received a large consignment of Northern Apples, which we offer at from $3 50 to $4 00 per barrel. *Now* is the time to get a cheap barrel of Apples for your family and save doctor's bills. W. F. STORRS & CO.,
17 Alabama street.

Headquarters for Fruit and Produce.
sep27—d2t-3d trddc

Waiving the Homestead.

We are prepared to furnish, cheap, bank notes containing the waiver of homestead. Send your orders to CONSTITUTION office. jly21—dtf

—Mrs. O. A Speigle, 60 Whitehall street has just returned from New York and Philadelphia with a beautiful stock of millinery and fancy goods, bought for cash. All the novelties coming in daily and can be bought very cheap. Call and see styles and prices before buying elsewhere.

Balmoral Skirts.

100 hand-made felt balmorals ranging at 75c and upwards; also, some extra fine quality at very low prices. Call at
Oct1-tf FURCHGOTT, BENEDICT & CO.

Carpets! Carpets! Carpets!

Just received new carpets, offered very low. We also draw attention to a lot of remnants of carpets suitable for small rooms, which can be bought at decidedly low prices to facilitate our selection. Bring the size of room with you and call at
Oct1-tf FURCHGOTT, BENEDICT & CO.

New Styles Dress Goods.

Special attention is drawn to our grand selection of dress goods just received. They surpass everything seen in that line heretofore. Prices very moderate. Call at
Oct1-tf FURCHGOTT, BENEDICT & CO.

Our New Shawls.

New and stylish plaid shawls have made their appearance. Call and see them at
Oct1-tf FURCHGOTT, BENEDICT & CO.

Cardinal Red.

A fine assortment of plumes, wings, flowers, feathers, cuffs, collars, etc., in the above reging color, at very low figures. Call at
Oct1-tf FURCHGOTT, BENEDICT & CO.

Everybody

Passing up Whitehall street stops to admire Eiseman Bros.' show windows, as they are artistically arranged, and all goods displayed are marked in plain figures.

Academy of Music.

The academy will meet next Tuesday night over Platt's drugstore, No 28 Whitehall street.

T. M. MCINTOSH, M. D.,
Secretary.

In addition to our large stock of clothing, we keep now a full line of all the latest styles of men's and boys' hats.

A. & S. ROSENFELD,
24 Whitehall, corner Alabama streets.
Oct1-2t

Dry Goods.

A. O. M. Gay has many attractions for the ladies in the way of dry goods.

Boaz & Lee.

These gentlemen have opened a wholesale produce house on Broad street opposite the CONSTITUTION office. They also sell on commission and make specialties the leading articles. Their store room is ample and they are well qualified and prepared to do an extensive business. Oct1-2t

Grand Opening.

M. Rich has returned from his long centennial trip and will make a grand display of one of the finest selections of seasonable dry goods, fancy goods and novelties ever exhibited in this market. Commencing Monday, October 2d and continuing for one week. The entire stock was selected by himself with great care and having bought principally for cash, he will be able to offer inducements in every line, as this will be his grand opening week, it will be profitable for all especially the ladies to go to M. Rich's store and see the styles and prices.

Overcoats.

We received a nice line of light weight overcoats, in prices from $7 00 to $15 00
Gate City Clothing Store,
A. & S. ROSENFELD,
24 Whitehall corner of Alabama.

Public Schools.

At a meeting of the Board of Education on Thursday evening, it was determined not to fill any vacancies occurring among teachers till January.

The following resolutions were passed:
By Mayor Hammock—

In view of the probable decrease in number of pupils in the schools during the next three months, it may not be necessary to keep the full corps of teachers; therefore,

Resolved, That upon consultation, the committee on teachers may make such disposition of teachers as may be considered best, and they may allow the temporary withdrawal of teachers who may prefer to do so, allowing them to return to their positions in January next.

By Hon. N. J. Hammond—

Resolved, That the collection of tuition in the schools for the present be conducted in the following manner:

Each teacher shall collect the tuition from his or her own pupils, keeping a list of the same, and shall promptly turn over the amount with a list of the names to the principal of his or her school. (The superintendent is principal of the Girl's High school.) Each principal shall promptly turn over to the superintendent the amounts so paid to him, with a list of those paying; and the superintendent shall promptly pay over the same to the treasurer of the board, to be paid out as heretofore fixed upon by the board.

Resolved further, That teachers may allow until the 15th of each month for payment of tuition for that month, before incurring personal responsibility therefor.

Notice.

Office of Gate City Vinegar Works.

I will sell at public sale, to the highest bidder, on October 7, 1876, at 10 a. m., all the old city (whisky) accounts belonging to Guthman & Haas. All persons not wishing to have their names known must call and settle at once. Otherwise they will be sold as above stated, at No. 17 South Broad street. ISAAC GUTHMAN,
Successor to Guthman & Haas,
sept7—oct1-4-7th 17 So. Broad street.

Headquarters for Drugs, Medicines, Etc.

Messrs. Hunt, Rankin & Lamar, the wholesale druggists on Pryor street, have the largest stock and do probably the largest business of the kind in the south. Dealers cannot do better than to call on them and look through their stock. Their medicines are all of the best quality, and their prices are bottom.

Returned.

The popular director of the Rossini club, Mr G P Guilford has just returned to the city after an extended trip through the north. He reports the purchase of a large and very fine stock of new pieces, and says he can now fully supply the wants of all who wish to purchase pianos or organs. Call on him.

State Savings Bank.

The State Savings bank has declared its second quarterly dividend of three per cent. and added one thousand dollars to its surplus, showing its profits to be over twenty per cent per annum.

Nothing but good management could do this, and we have no hesitation in recommending this bank to our people as perfectly safe and reliable. Its success is beyond question.

Hats and Furs.

There is perhaps no article of dress more becoming to a man than an elegant hat. And the taste and ingenuity of manufacturers has so multiplied styles and arranged shades of colors that every taste can be gratified. Tall men, short men, fat men, lean men, blondes, brunettes, all can procure a hat adapted to the individual. There is no shadow of excuse for a man not being presentable for lack of an appropriate hat. A visit to the hat emporium of John H Holbrook will satisfy any one that there is no necessity for going elsewhere to obtain any of the latest and most fashionable styles of hats. Holbrook has been so long identified with the hat and fur trade that his name is inseparably connected with hats and furs and his store is recognised as the hat emporium.

The fall season is upon us, and fall hats are in demand. Fall into line and get your hats and furs at Holbrook's.

If you are going to get married Holbrook's is the place to get your hat. If you are going to see your sweetheart he can fix you with the latest style of beaver. In fact it makes no difference what you are going to do, Holbrook has just the hat to suit. Will we have given you good advice go to hat's and buy you a Holbrook.

A Sacred Concert.

R. C. PARSONAGE, Sept. 30.

S. M. Inman, Chairman Savannah Relief Committee—DEAR SIR: Some ladies and gentlemen desirous to aid sufferers in Savannah, propose giving a sacred concert for the purpose.

Persons of the best musical talent in the city have kindly volunteered to take part.

If acceptable the concert will be given in the Catholic church, Tuesday evening, Oct. 1.

M. T. REILLY,
Pastor Church Immaculate Conception.

Rev. M T. Reilly, Pastor Church Immaculate Conception—DEAR SIR. Your favor of this date advising of proposed sacred concert Tuesday, Oct. 10th, to hand. Our committee gratefully accept the proffered kindness and will cheerfully do anything in our power to promote the convenience of those tendering it. Thanking you for your interest in the cause we represent, I am respectfully yours,

S. M. INMAN,
Chmn'. Savannah Relief Committee.

Read This.

AUCKLAND, New Zealand,
August 23, 1876.

DRS. LOVE AND WILSON—Gentlemen: Before I left Atlanta I suffered from what I thought was rheumatism and took one bottle of Dr. Russell's medicine, and it relieved me, but on my way to this country I was attacked. On arriving here I placed myself under the first doctor in the city and he gave me a little relief. I went to Australia and there was compelled to again apply to a doctor. I was so bad off I could not walk fifty steps without sitting. I there had relief. On my return here in February another attack came on. I was told the Hot springs on this island would cure all chronic cases. I went there for some weeks and thought returned cured, but the pain soon returned. In April last, I put on one of your valuable pads, and from the first day I found relief; in two weeks I was entirely relieved of the pain. I have been wet through my clothes several times since, and the clothes dried on me without any return of the pains. I am now just recovering from a very bad cold and working every day on raw earth, and I consider myself a cured man by wearing your belt. I have now on the same pad that I put on in April last. I have given away some, and the like cure has been effected; I am now applied to for them and intend to sell them. You will please send me six dozen of them packed in a strong box, because they will be put in a carwith plows. Send them to care of the New York Plow Co, 55 Beekman street, New York.

Address me, Edward Parsons, Auckland, New Zealand.

That is the port the goods will be landed at

Mr. J C Wilson will assist you. I hope you will put them to me upon the best terms as I am now terribly short of funds. You can use my name for the value of your pads in any way you think best, for the benefit of the afflicted. E. PARSONS.

Col Parsons is an old and well known citizen of this city who left here about a year since to make his home in New Zealand.

These pads will cure any malarial disease, and we have no doubt but if worn regularly in malarial districts would prevent parties from taking yellow fever, as well as bilious fever and chills and fever. They are stimulant, tonic and a powerful nervine; good for dyspepsia, liver and kidney derangements.

We will sell to the people of Savannah and Brunswick at $1 each this season, and to parties outside at $1 50 until January. Regular price $3.

Address, LOVE & WILSON,
Atlanta, Ga.

"Off for Chattanooga."

Yesterday Messrs. Carl Weinmeister, Dr C Rauschenberg, John Rauchenberg, William Klatte, H. Heller, F Steiglitz, C Benning and W Bender left for Chattanooga, where they go to represent the Atlanta turnverein, convention meeting in Chattanooga to-morrow. Will put them against any delegation there for powers and personelle.

Pardoned.

Gov. Smith yesterday pardoned John O'Shields, convicted of the shooting of Fleming several years ago, and sentenced to the penitentiary for five years. He had served about one year of his sentence in the Dade coal mines. Thomas G Jones, chief of police, was indicted for the same offence, but acquitted a year or so previous to O'Shields' conviction. O'Shields was a policeman at the time of the shooting.

John Keely.

Read the announcement of this enterprising merchant in another column, and call without fail and inspect his mammoth stock and his low prices. As a caterer to the tastes of the ladies and public, Capt. Keely has long since established a reputation as a success, but one of the greatest charms of his mercantile genius consists in the happy "knack" he has of placing on his counters the very choicest goods and at the lowest possible prices. In these days of slim pocket books it behooves the purchaser to find out who will give the best value for the money. In visiting Capt. Keely's store, the most sanguine hopes in this regard will be realized. He has opened in the past few days 220 cases of goods, he tells us, and indeed the immensity of his stock is surprising.

Supreme Court.

ORDER OF CIRCUITS.

8 Southwestern	18	15 Cherokee	7
9 Pataula	12	16 Augusta	12
10 Chattahoochee	16	17 Middle	6
11 Macon	26	18 Ocmulgee	14
13 Flint	29	19 Eastern	29
12 Coweta	16	20 Brunswick	2
14 Rome	11		

ATLANTA, GA., September, 30.

SOUTHWESTERN CIRCUIT.

No. 10. Lowe vs Armstrong. Complaint, from Sumter. Argued.

W A Hawkins; S Hall, for plaintiff in error.

N A Smith; D A Vason; Joseph Armstrong, contra.

No. 18. Mayo vs Walden. survivor. Equity, from Lee. Argued.

Lyon & Nisbet, for plaintiff in error.

W A Hawkins, contra.

No. 17. Gardner et al. vs Grannis et al. Ejectment, from Lee.

Vason & Davis, W A Hawkins, for plaintiff in error.

R F Lyon, contra.

Pending the argument of Mr Lyon the court adjourned to 10 o'clock a m on Tuesday next.

Mr. E. Parsons Heard From.

By reference to another column, our readers will notice a letter from this well known ex-citizen of Atlanta, highly commendatory of the medicated pads prepared by Drs. Love & Wilson.

Mr Parsons is excellent authority, and, in his case, the pads effected a thorough cure. To people living in malarial and unhealthy districts they are invaluable.

We call attention to the advertisement of Drs. Love & Wilson.

Card from Dr. Turner.

Editors Constitution: Having consented to become a candidate for councilman from the first ward, and the press of my business preventing a personal canvass, I take this method of saying to my friends and fellow-citizens they either by the casual pox of a short term as member of the present council, it will be my whole aim, if elected, to promote, protect and foster every interest of the city and the people, and will appreciate the support of all good citizens. Respectfully,

J. D. TURNER.

TOWN TOPICS.

—Dr. Low and wife, after a trip of six weeks to the north and centennial, have returned to the city.

—THOMPSON'S RESTAURANT.—Thompson has remodeled his restaurant in first-class style. He is prepared to furnish the public with all of the fall delicacies, such as oysters, fish, game, etc. Thompson always knows how to cater to the public taste.

—The name of Rev. G. H. Cliett in "a memorable scene" yesterday was incorrectly printed Chett.

—A Dooney club was organized at Marietta Friday night.

—Rev. I. R. Branham returned from Brooklyn, N Y, yesterday.

—The ladies of Union Point have organized a society to assist in relieving the yellow fever sufferers. Mrs. E H Bowden is president, Miss Lou Barnes secretary and Miss Emma C Hart treasurer.

—A young man in Pulaski county, worth $1,500 in money and 500 acres of land, and out of debt, wants a wife.

—Judge John I. Hall was in the city yesterday, having completed his labors in Newton superior court. He is a popular judge, and the business in his circuit is disposed of rapidly.

—W. E. H. Searcy, stenographic reporter of the Flint circuit, passed through here yesterday en route home. He makes a No 1 reporter.

—After Tuesday the New Holland passenger train leaving at 5 p m will be discontinued.

—Bishop Beckwith will be in Dalton on Sunday, October 8th.

—The devil was caught in lower Pike
And carried to Griffin,
Where they nailed 'im down with a spike,
And there they left 'im.

—We failed to receive the Atlanta CONSTITUTION Sunday and yesterday. We always feel lost when we receive our mail and no CONSTITUTION.—Rome Daily News.

—A cantata was produced at Warrenton on the 29th for the Brunswick sufferers from yellow fever and realized $22. So "Antiques" writes.

—Capt. M. Dwinell of the Rome Courier has returned after a six months trip through Europe. We are glad to note his return in good health. There is only one state now he has not explored—the state of matrimony.

—Col. H. H. Jones of the Macon Telegraph passed through here yesterday enroute home.

—At a camp meeting in Dooly county, $150 was raised for the Brunswick sufferers.

—Julian Wooten, telegraph operator at Jessup, who went to Brunswick and was taken with the yellow fever, we are pleased to learn is improving, and will recover. He is a brother of G F Wooten of this city.

—"Old-Man-Not-Afraid-of-a-Mother-in-Law" Bill Moore, of Augusta, is expected here at 6:25 a m to-day. The silver cornet band will meet him.

—Harman Lovinggood, of Elbert county, 106 years old, recently joined the Methodist church.

—Col. B. J. Wilson and family, and W A Moore and family returned from the centennial yesterday.

—W. H. Crawford returned from the centennial yesterday. He favors holding the next centennial at Atlanta, and has appointed for the position of commissioner.

—Remember the sale of lots at Lulu on the 5th. Everybody is going.

—The Cold Water Templars are requested to bring floral offerings with them this evening to place on the grave of Willie Reeves.

—Judge C. D. McCutchen was in the city yesterday, in fine health. Judge McCutchen is very popular in his circuit. He administers the law firmly and impartially, and his decisions are very nearly unanimously sustained by the supreme court. He magnifies his office by his purity and integrity.

—Vote solidly next Wednesday against independents and radicals.

—A distinguished republican—a mossy-back office holder—said yesterday that there were only five or six white republicans in the state.

—Sitting Bull takes Dr. Edward Smith's Liver Tonic. sep19—tsun4wed

—Otis Jones has removed his office from state Savings Bank to 35 Broad street, opposite the CONSTITUTION office.

—The hour of prayer meeting at the Y M. C. A. hall has been changed from 5 to 4 p m. Services commence promptly at 4 and continue one hour. You are invited to attend.

The First Ward Club.

In pursuance to a call, a large number of democrats of the first ward assembled last night at their usual place of meeting. The president of the club was absent. Mr Aaron Haas, one of the vice-presidents, called the meeting to order and explained its object.

Mr Goodwin introduced the following resolution, which was unanimously adopted:

Resolved, That every democrat in this ward, and the entire city, be requested to go to the polls on Wednesday next, the 4th of October, and vote for the nominees of the party. Gen. A H Colquitt for governor, and Messrs James, Fry and Hillyer for the legislature.

It was then moved and adopted that a committee of twenty five be appointed to attend the election next Wednesday, and use every effort to secure a full vote from the ward for the democratic nominees.

The following were appointed upon this committee: Col John T Thomas, chairman, Messrs. David Mayer, W G Gramling, V P Sisson, A J Bell, B F Burnett, Joseph H Smith, M E Maher, J D Turner, Dr J W. Boring, R B Hutchins, E D Cheshire, Sylvester Lester, W D Mitchell, J W Hall, T W Barnes, C W Wells, S D Hastett, W H Brotherton, Dr E J Roach, S A Echols, A F Cox; E P Howell, B F Abbott, H A Harralson, Julius Stroape.

Several stirring speeches were made, all the speakers strongly supporting the nominees and advising their election. All wanted the democratic majority increased.

The meeting then adjourned subject to the call of the chairman.

Second Ward Club.

The meeting at the Second ward democratic club was called to order by Major Geo. Hillyer, who explained the objects of the meeting.

Mr W A Bomar offered the following resolution:

Resolved, That the democracy of the second ward hereby expresses unqualified disapprobation of all independent candidates and radicalism in all forms and under all disguises, and urge a full vote of the party for the regular nominees, Colquitt, James, Fry and Hillyer.

W A Shorter moved that a committee of three be appointed to attend to the calling out of the people to the meeting of the Young Men's Democrat club on Monday night.

Mr Samuel W. Small explained that it was the desire of the Young Men's Democratic club that all the democrats of the city be represented at that meeting for the purpose of taking general measures for bringing out the full vote of the county.

The motion was carried, and W A Shorter, Sam W Small and Col W L Calhoun were appointed.

Mr W A Bomar was called upon but said he was no speaker and was not a friend to independent candidates. He would state that he had been solicited to run independent candidate for tax receiver but would not do so. [Cheers]

The meeting thereupon adjourned.

The Third Ward.

The report of the meeting of the Third ward democrats failed to reach us last night. It was reported, however, that they had a good time, and passed resolutions sustaining the nominees

Fourth Ward.

The meeting was called to order by president J. E. Williams, vice-president James Banks, explained the object of the meeting, to stimulate the democracy, to turn out en-masse next Wednesday and support the nominees of the party. We should not only turn out in full force, but should condemn by our votes all independent candidates.

It was our duty as an organization to put the seal of condemnation on all independent candidates. We should handle them with gloves off. We should endorse and support the nominees of the party. As a democratic club we owe it to the party to condemn independents.

J. E. Williams tendered his resignation as president which was accepted.

The following resolutions were unanimously adopted:

Resolved, That this club condemns the candidacy of any person or persons who, calling themselves independent democrats, seek to gain office by repudiating the organization of the party, and who attempt to ignore the voice of the party as expressed at the ballot-box.

Resolved, That we endorse the nominations as made, and will appeal to true democrats to give the nominees of the part their earnest and active support.

John H Flynn was elected president by acclamation prior to the adoption of the resolutions.

The following were appointed a committee to bring out the voters on Wednesday next: Noah E Fowler, G W Scipios, W M Williams, M S Cohen, W G Newman.

The club then adjourned.

THE FIFTH WARD.

An Enthusiastic Meeting.

The democrats of the Fifth ward had a rousing meeting last night at the Senate chamber.

Quite a number of prominent democrats were present, including both the candidates for council.

The president, Mr. Hoke Smith, called the club to order, and Mr. Howell C. Jackson acted as secretary.

He stated that the object of the meeting was to take some action relative to the independent candidates for the legislature who had recently put in an appearance, and to transact such other business as might come before the club.

Justice Waters introduced the

FOLLOWING RESOLUTIONS:

Since, in these of days corruption and misrule it is through the restoration of the democratic party alone to power that we can hope for the perpetuation of a republican form of government; therefore be it

Resolved That, in our opinion, it is the duty of all true patriots to participate in the nominations by means of which alone the democratic party can be preserved.

Resolved, That we can not recognise the rights of individual democrats to declare themselves indepe dent candidates, for we believe that those who are not for us are against us, and independent candidates are more distasteful to the democrats than radicals themselves.

Resolved, That we pledge the support of ourselves and the fifth ward to the nominees of our party, and recommend every democrat to do all in his power to roll up such a majority next Wednesday, that Atlanta may outstrip her neighbors politically as she does in all other respects.

The speaking was opened by Hon John H Jaines, in a few remarks, in which he advised every democrat to go to the polls and vote for the nominees of the democratic party. He thought it wasn't unreasonable that men should go into a nomination, and then kick out simply because a majority of his own party saw fit to select someone else. Col Carey W Styles followed next in a brief address, in which he handled independents with gloves off. He feared that the democrats were lacking in vigilance and that the independent movement was a republican trick in disguise. He thought that the fight was to be on Messrs Fry and Hillyer.

Mr Van Estes was called out and gave the club some excellent advice upon the subject of a thorough organization.

Mr Fry and Maj George Hillyer followed, and it is needless to say they were agin independents.

Stirring addresses were also made by Col Stewart W A Shorter, Sam Small, David Mayer, Henry Hillyer, Mr J A Richardson, James O Harris, Capt J W English, Jesse Dean, and Joe Smith.

On motion the resolutions given above were unanimously adopted.

On motion it was resolved that the 5th ward club would accept the invitation for a general democratic rally on Monday night.

The club then adjourned.

Hymenial.

The following marriage licenses were issued from the ordinary's office during the past week:

Mr William B Baldwin and Miss Ophelia Holland.

Mr T J Grizzard and Miss Alice E Nowland

Mr J C Briscow and Miss Sarah Miller.

Mr Charles Tutwiler and Miss Julia Martin.

Mr Wallace W Haskell and Miss Rebecca E Clarke.

Mr W T Robinson and Miss Ida Morris.

An Owner Wanted for Some Chickens

A few nights ago Lieutenant Murphy succeeded in catching Bob Taylor alias Mark Taylor, a very notorious negro chicken thief. Bob is now in jail under two warrants. He sold to various parties over 200 chickens, all of which are believed to have been stolen. Some thirty odd were secured, and parties who have lost any recently, will do well to see the Lieutenant.

Receipts of the Excursion.

ATLANTA, GA., Sept. 30, 1876.

Messrs. Henry Hillyer and others, committee—Gentlemen—It is with great pleasure and gratitude that we acknowledge the receipt of the sum of $100 25, which you inform us is the amount netted by the moonlight excursion to Marietta, under the auspices of the young men of Atlanta, for the benefit of the yellow fever sufferers in Savannah and Brunswick.

Thanking you for your exertions, which have been rewarded with such flattering success, we remain yours, etc.,

S. M. INMAN,
Chairman Savannah Relief Committee.
O. H. JONES,
Chairman Brunswick Relief Committee.

Mr. G. W. Jack.

Mr. G. W. Jack will open his new establishment to the public on Monday morning and we can cordially recommend to our readers to give him a call. In the line of candies, cakes, bread and toys, he is preparing one of the finest stocks ever opened in this city. The house is an old and reliable one, having started in business as far back as 1854. Mr Jack's new quarters are at No 28 Whitehall street and No 7 Alabama. The wholesale department is entered from Alabama street, and the retail from White hall. Mr Jack occupies three floors of the splendid new building in which he is located, using the basement for his bakery, and the top floor for his candy factory. As he makes most of his own goods, he is prepared to sell them at prices to suit the times.

In the candy factory alone twelve experienced hands are employed, and we saw some beautiful specimens of their work in the way of bon bons and the fancy varieties. Yesterday all hands were in a state of busy preparation for the opening, and the shelves were being rapidly filled with beautiful goods. Mr. Jack is determined that in quality they shall not be excelled by any of the sort in the city, and his long experience in the business is an ample guarantee that he can do all he promises.

The new store will be one of the most attractive in the city, and cannot fail to do a successful business. The proprietor will always be a courteous gentleman, and reliable in all his engagements.

Markham House Arrivals.

ATLANTA, GA., Sept. 30.

S M Spangler, Baltimore; Wm H Rose, Savannah; Genl R J Henderson, Covington; S H Joseph, Cincinnati; H J Leech New York; Warren Aiken, Cartersville; Till Taylor, Philadelphia; C A Howell, Duluth, W H Tuller, J J Williams, W S Hightower, Danville, Va; J M Waite Sr, J M White Jr, J A White, Lowndes Co; J N Smith, Blackshear, Ga; J J Granberry, Americus; A T Reynolds, Va; J B Winslow, Rome; H C Burr Griffin, Ga; S C Hill, M & B R R C D McCutchin, Dalton; J M Goode, Ga; J B Webb, Rome, W J Walker, Talbotton, Ga; Dr J B Dawson, B F Moses, Ga; J B Albert, Baltimore; J A Broughton, Madison; B G Lockett, Ga; W J Brands, Augusta; P R Young, Savannah; Judge J T Hall, W E H Searcy, Griffin; Mrs Watson, 2 children and nurse, New Orleans; P R Humphreys Acworth; J T Pace, Ala; Mrs J A McCarr, 2 children and nurse, Miss; G C Moor, R Moor, wife, 3 children and servant, Mobile; J W Murphey, Ga; Wm Howell, Cuba; George Atkinson, Chicago; Wm H Crawford, Madison; J C L Timberlake, Gainesville; J W Brewer, Griffin; Hudson Mason, City; J A Christian, New York; R R Warding, Baltimore; J L Hammond, Ga; John Monarch, Talladega, Ala.

Henry Myers, Philadelphia; Mrs VanEaton, Miss Donnally, Wilmington; Mrs Wilson, Monigomery; H B Hardie, New Orleans; D M Burns, Columbus; J C McMichael, Thomaston; L Alexander, Philadelphia; J M Sayre Jr, Baltimore; J W Yandell, Ga; Lester Bristol, Stockbridge; H Westheimer, Baltimore; E Y Hill, W H Duncan, Washington, Ga; Mrs J M Nix, Miss H Haswell, Mrs H Nix, LaGrange, Ga; W Hook, J Hook, Chattanooga; Mrs Gordon, Columbus.

$1000 00 GUARANTEE.

THE FINEST WHITE LEAD MADE IN THE WORLD.

MESSRS. JOHN LUCAS & CO., of Philadelphia, manufacturers of above, and the celebrated Swiss Drs. have granted special agency for their unequaled WHITE LEAD. Par 1 2 3 50 can appreciate a good thing and a Brand they can always rely upon, will do well to call on us before purchasing.

We continue to keep the largest and finest assortment of SPINDLE, LARD, and other LUBRICATING OILS to be found in the State

DUCK & CO.,
sep17—dsun,3mo 23 Alabama street.

COMMERCIAL.

ATLANTA COTTON STATEMENT.

ATLANTA, GA., September 30, 1876

Cotton closed at 9¼ for middlings.

RECEIPTS FOR TO-DAY.

By wagon	182
Air Line Railroad	98
Georgia Railroad	175
Central Railroad	363
Western and Atlantic Railroad	140
West Point Railroad	259
Total	1,017
Receipts previous	9,783
Total	10,800
Stock on hand September 1	290
Grand total	11,122

SHIPMENTS.

Shipments to-day	671
Shipments previous	4,880
Total	5,551
Stock on hand	5,571

MARKETS BY TELEGRAPH.

Financial.

NEW YORK, September 30.—Money easy at 1¼. Sterling steady at 3.

Gold 110.

Governments dull and steady; new fives 114¾.

State bonds quiet and nominal.

Stocks closed active and unsettled; New York Central 97¾; Erie 9⅝; Lake Shore 83¼; Illinois Central 83; Pittsburg 86; Chicago and Northwestern 34¾; preferred 79; Rock Island 100.

Sub-treasury balances—gold $89,405,856; currency $35,442,710. The sub-treasurer paid out $41,000 on account of interest, and $29,700 for bonds.

Customs receipts to-day $211,000.

OPENING QUOTATIONS.

Cotton.

NEW YORK, September 30.—Cotton dull; uplands 11; Orleans 11 3-16.

Futures opened quiet and barely steady; October 10 15-16@10 31-32; November 11 1-32@11 1-16; December 11 1-32@11 5-32; January 11¼@11 9-32; February 11 7-16@11 15-32.

LIVERPOOL, September 30.—noon.—Cotton easier but not quotably lower; middling uplands 5 15 16; middling Orleans 6¼; sales 7,000 bales; speculation and export 1,000; receipts 12,8 0; American 4,800; futures 1-32 cheaper; middling uplands nothing below low middlings September delivery 5 27-32; October and November delivery 5 13-16; new crop middling uplands nothing below low middling shipped in December and January per sail 5¾.

CLOSING QUOTATIONS.

NEW YORK, September 30.—Cotton dull and unchanged; middling uplands 11; Orleans 11 3-16. Net receipts 294 bales; gross 3,818.

Futures closed barely steady; sales 17,000 bales; October 10 29-32; November 11 11-32; December 11 3-32@11¼; January 11 7-32@11¼; February 11 13-32@11 7-16; March 11 19-32@11¾; April 11 25-32@11 13-16; May 11 31-32@12; June 12¼@12 5-32; July 12 9-32@12 5-16; August 12 7-16@12½.

GALVESTON, September 30.—Cotton dull and irregular; middlings 10½; net receipts 919 bales; gross 1,040; sales 429.

NEW ORLEANS, September 30.—Cotton quiet; middlings 10½; low middlings 10¼; good ordinary 8¾; net receipts 3,275 bales; gross 3,610; sales 3,000; stock 58,589.

MOBILE, September 30.—Cotton irregular; middlings 10; net receipts 1,583 bales; sales 500; exports coastwise 960.

SAVANNAH, September 30.—Cotton quiet; middlings 10¾; net receipts 2,391 bales; gross 2,492; sales 1,115; exports